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Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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-SEE PAGE 8

GRAVE TURN IN SUKKUR RIOTS

Police Fire On Crowd: Military Called In

KARACHI MAYOR'S MOVE TO RESTORE PEACE

KARACHI, November 20.

It is officially stated that the situation in Sukkur is very grave and Martial Law has now been promulgated.

Two hundred militarymen are at present in Sukkur posted all over the town and a special train carrying a strong contingent of military is expected in Sukkur to-night to cope with the situation.

The riot has now spread to most of the town, the mob indulging in looting and burning shops. There have been frequent clashes between Muslims and Hindu crowds as well as between crowds and the police.

Shots are stated to have been exchanged between the crowd and the police on one occasion.

TEN KILLED IN CLASHED

Ten persons have been killed to-day as a result of clashes between Hindu and Muslim crowds.

The police are finding it increasingly difficult to cope with the situation and to bring under control. Curfew order has been extended to all the twenty-four hours.

Two hundred military have been posted at strategic points of the town and they are at present under the control of the District Magistrate.

It is believed that if the situation does not improve by to-night, the town will be handed over to military authorities. A strong contingent of military are expected here by to-morrow morning.—A.P.

MAYOR'S CONFERENCE CALLED

A Karachi report says:

There was recrudescence of rioting this morning in Sukkur and two persons are reported to have been killed and one injured, according to a telephonic advice received here.

Armed police are patrolling the city. The arrested Muslim leaders have been brought to the Hyderabad jail.

Congress and Hindu leaders waited on a deputation on Sir Ghulam Hussain, Minister for Law and Order and placed before him their view point and requested him to make adequate police arrangements in the villages.

MAYOR'S MOVE

Meantime in order to allay suppressed communal tension prevailing in the city of Karachi following yesterday's riot in Sukkur, Mayor Sidhwa has convened a meeting of hundred and fifty prominent citizens representing all communities for to-morrow in the Mayor's room to consider the situation and suggest precautionary measures to the Government. Mr. Sidhwa has already put himself in touch with Premier, Allah Baksh in this connection and informs the Press that he has been assured by the latter that the Government are fully alive to the situation.—A. P.

TROUBLE SPREADS TO VILLAGES

KARACHI, Nov. 20.

The riot situation at Sukkur assumed a grave turn to-day. Five Hindus are reported to have been killed till afternoon. The rioters, it is alleged, poured petrol over the victims and set fire to their clothes.

Cases of arson have also greatly increased. Many houses and shops in Gharpriabad quarter were gutted by fire. The Collector arrived there with a police party, who dispersed the rioters after firing a few shots in the air.

The trouble spread to neighbouring villages. At Rohri, ten miles from Sukkur. Three Hindus are reported to have been murdered. The villages of Pand and Nao are stated to be in flames, and an oil mill, a wood godown and many shops were burnt down. Everywhere the rioters used petrol.

At old Sukkur one Keshav Das is reported to have been fired at by the rioters.

This fresh recrudescence of rioting has caused panic throughout Sind. Telegrams and telephones requesting the Ministers to restore peace and safety in the villages have been received.

Dr. Choithram Gidwani and Prof. Ghanshyam, Congress leaders, met the Premier and the Home Minister to-day, and urged them to proceed to Sukkur to supervise the precautionary and relief measures taken there. The leaders are leaving Karachi to-morrow.

Twelve Hindus and six Muslims have been killed so far.—United Press.

MARTIAL LAW NOT DECLARED

KARACHI, Nov. 20.

The earlier report that Martial Law has been promulgated in Sukkur is officially contradicted.

The military has been posted at strategic points in the town and they are at present under the control of the District Magistrate. —A. P.

ABDULLA HAROON INTERVIEWED

KARACHI, Nov. 20.

Interviewed by the Associated Press Sir Abdullah Haroon expressed deep personal grief at the happenings in Sukkur and appealed to all concerned to re-

(Continusd on page 8 Col. 3.)

"I need one million Czech soldiers. Take them in our army even if you have to shoot them."

ALLIED & NEUTRAL SHIPS PAY HEAVY TOLL

Demand For Special Measures To Deal With Nazi Menace

OSLO: NOV. 20.

THE MINING OF THE "SIMON BOLIVAR" AND OTHER NEUTRAL SHIPS IN THE WEEKEND HAS MADE DEEP IMPRESSION HERE

The newspaper "Tidenstegn" says that if this form of warfare makes the seas impassable for neutral shipping, special measures are called for.

Neutral countries, the newspaper adds, represent a BLOC which belligerents cannot neglect and it is necessary that neutral countries should take early steps to clarify the position in order that the principle of neutrality at sea may be determined.—Reuter.

LONDON, Nov. 20.

It is announced that three more ships have been sunk off the East Coast by German mines in circumstances similar to those of the "Simon Bolivar" namely the "Borjesson" (1,586 tons, Swedish); "Black Hill" (2,492 tons, (British); the "Grazia" (5,857 tons, Italian).

Details regarding loss of life are hitherto not available.

FIVE KILLED IN "GRAZIA" EXPOSION.

Five men were killed in the explosion which sank the "Grazia" about seven miles off the coast of France.

The vessel sank in a few minutes. Two trawlers rescued about 29 survivors.

SURVIVORS OF "BLACK HILL".

Twenty-two members of the crew of "Black Hill" including the Captain landed at an English port as also 13 survivors of the "Borjesson" including eight injured. It is believed that six others were lost.

A later telegram says:—

The "Carica Milica" 6,000 ton Yugoslav steamer was also mined and sunk off the east coast.

"Pensilva" Sinks

The British Steamer "Pensilva" (4258 tons) was sunk by enemy action and the crew were landed safely.

Four survivors of a crew of 13 aboard the collier "Torch Bearer" (1267 tons) sunk by a German mine on the East Coast landed in an English port. All are seriously injured.

A later cable says:—

Eleven of the crew of the "Torch Bearer" have now been landed of whom six have been sent to the hospital. Two are still missing.

French And Lithuanian Ships Sunk

A French steamer has also been sunk, making seven vessels sunk and two damaged off the East Coast in the week-end.

In addition to this a Lithuanian steamer "Kaunas" was sunk by a mine off Zeibrugge.

Mines Washed Up On Belgian Coast

A number of mines have washed up on the Belgian coast. Several of them exploded causing some damage.

French Gains

A French communique states it was a quiet day. There was local artillery action.

During the last four weeks of the war the tonnage of German merchantmen captured on the high seas by our patrols exceeded by several thousand tons the tonnage of French merchantmen lost through enemy action.

Trawler Strikes Mine

The Trawler "Wigmore", struck a mine and has been sunk in the North Sea. Her crew of 16 are reported to have been lost.

Ex-Kaiser And "Simon Bolivar" Disaster

DOORN:—The ex-Kaiser has sent a message to Queen Wilhelmina expressing sincere sympathy at the "Simon Bolivar" disaster.—Reuter

DISPROVING GERMAN GUILT

BERLIN, November 20.

Newspapers are making elaborate efforts to disprove Germany's guilt in the sinking of "Simon Bolivar" and asserting that the disaster was caused by British mine.—Reuter.

PROOF OF GERMAN'S DESPERATION

PARIS, Nov. 20.

The sinking of the "Simon Bolivar" has caused in France a deep impression.

"L'Intransigeant" says it gives sinister confirmation of the report that the Germans, despairing of the efficacy of their torpedoes, were going to use submarines as mine-layers.

This was an abominable weapon, forbidden by international law but Germans could not be expected to neglect this form of murder.

Shape Of Things To Come!

LONDON, Nov. 20.

The sinking of the "Simon Boli-

(Continued on page 7 Col. 6.)

GERMAN 'PLANE OVER LONDON

Anti-Aircraft Batteries In Action: R. A. F. Chase Nazi Raiders

LONDON, Nov. 20.

The Air Ministry state that anti-aircraft batteries along the lower reaches of the Thames opened fire this morning at Hostile Aircraft.

An Air Force fighter patrol chased the raider out to the sea from the Essex Coast.

SEEN OVER LONDON.

An aeroplane was seen over the outskirts of London, Essex and a south-east town flying at a great height this afternoon. The machine was fired on by anti-aircraft guns.

OVER SOUTH-EAST TOWN.

Anti-aircraft guns opened fire this afternoon on an aeroplane flying at great height over a south-east town. Shells burst in a circle round the machine, which emerged leaving a long trail of smoke and flew off in an easterly direction.

MORE THAN ONE PLANE IN RAID.

In some quarters it is believed that more than one German machine took part in the flight over South-East England and the Thames Estuary area to-day.

A number of people state that there were two machines which crossed the coast at different points.

A few minutes before anti-aircraft opened fire, several R. A. F. machines were seen to fly in from the direction of the sea.

6 KILLED IN 'PLANE COLLISION.

Six people were killed when two 'planes collided at a height of five hundred feet over Sydney airport.

WARNING IN NORTH SCOTLAND.

An airraid warning was sounded in a town in the North of Scotland and an enemy reconnaissance 'plane was seen. Anti-aircraft guns opened fire. The all-clear was given twenty minutes after the warning.

IN FRANCE.

PARIS: Air raid alarms were sounded this morning in Normandy and Rhone valley. In both cases, the all-clear was given after 25 minutes.

A number of enemy patrols, greater yesterday than those in the last few days, says M. Charles Morice, in the "Petit Parisien", were on an exploration of the "No-Mans-land" and continued from a pach region to west Lower 'Vosges and were particularly insistent in the sectors east of Moselle and Nied and Blies.

Hidden machinegunners had to open violent fire to cause the patrols to retreat.

On the banks of the Blies one unit, which advanced too near our small posts, lost half its number killed.

German pursuit planes were also more active and without apparent reason, unceasingly flew over the French lines near Wissembourg.—Reuter.

THE HAGUE:—A German military aeroplane crashed near Roermond after being attacked by Dutch air patrol. The pilot was killed and the machine was destroyed.—Reuter.

Russo-Japanese Trade Pact

MOSCOW, November 20.

Japan and the Soviet have agreed to the composition and work of a mixed commission to demarcate the Mongolian-Manchukuon frontier.

M. Molotov and Ambassador Togo, who signed the agreement also exchanged views on fundamental principles, whereon a Soviet-Japanese Trade agreement must be based, according to the Tass Agency.—Reuter.

Anand Bhawan, Allahabad where the Congress Working Committee is in sessions.

Bengal Trouble In Congress Cabinet

CHARGE SHEET AGAINST SUBHAS GROUP

ALLAHABAD, November 20.

The Congress Working Committee spent six hours to-day discussing the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee affairs and when the Committee rose for the day it had not come to any conclusion, although it was agreed that a resolution on the subject should be passed.

CHARGE AGAINST EXECUTIVE

Briefly, put, the matter for consideration by the committee was a written complaint received by the Congress President from some members of the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee alleging that the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee, particularly its Executive Council, had defied the resolutions and directions of the Working Committee.

INSTANCE OF DEFIANCE.

The written complaint submitted to the Congress President narrated the numerous instances of defiance of the Working Committee's directions by the Executive of the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee since the Bombay A.I.C.C. resolution banning all civil disobedience without the previous sanction of the Provincial Congress Committee concerned.

STERN ACTION DEMANDED.

The representation quoted how the B.P.C.C. had failed to elect a new President for a while and, even after electing a new president, had agreed to his carrying on the work in consultation with Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose who had been debarred from being a member of any elected body for two years and how Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose had been put in charge of running the Municipal elections etc.

It was urged before the Congress Executive that it should take serious notice of such "gross indiscipline and defiance" and take action against the B.P.C.C. which was responsible for such indiscipline.

NEW RULES.

A representation was also made before the Working Committee regarding the rules framed by the Bengal Provincial Congress Executive to govern the conduct of the Election Tribunals set up by the Committee. It was pointed out that the rules greatly militated against the freedom of the Tribunal and fettered the Tribunal's independence and powers. On the other hand on behalf of the P. C. C. Executive the present rules were justified.

The Working Committee has now heard both sides and will pass a resolution on the subject.

(Continued on page 7 Col. 3).

STOP PRESS

HITLER'S "SECRET WEAPON"

LONDON, Nov. 20.

The week-end sinkings have given rise to the theory that Hitler's "secret weapon" may be the magnetic mine but it is pointed out that it is a poor squib. The magnetic mine is by no means a new invention for Great Britain. The magnetic mines are usually placed either at the bottom of the ocean or moored at a considerable depth below the surface. When a ship enters magnetic field of mine, the latter explodes owing to its delicate mechanism. There is no direct evidence however, that any of the week-end sinkings was the result of an explosion of magnetic mines.

Air-raid warnings were sounded in several south-east coast towns to-night. Cinemas were in full swing but the majority of audiences stated that no gun-fire or bombs were heard. The all clear was signalled after an hour.

The official list of "Simon Bolivar" casualties gives the names of 34 missing and killed.—Reuter.

LONDON, Nov. 20.

It is officially announced that a German bomber unsuccessfully attacked a British destroyer in the southern area of the North Sea.—Reuter.

BERNE, Nov. 20.

The Swiss Minister in Berlin has protested to Herr Von Ribbentrop against repeated flights of German aircraft over Swiss territory and the fact that German anti-aircraft shells fell in the Basle region.

German Minister here expressed regret for involuntary violations of Swiss air-space by German aeroplanes, but made no mention of German shells.—Reuter.

PARIS, Nov. 20.

A communique states that there was reduced activity on the Front, a few patrols and some artillery fire.—Reuter.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word

Minimum Re. 1

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p.c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE", if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Engineering, to be trained up for the post of an assistant Engineer. Persons who possess Boiler certificate and Electrical Supervisor's certificate and who have worked in the Engineering department of a Cotton Mill will be given preference. Apply stating terms to the Secretary, Asarwa Mills, Ahmedabad (2). (1416)

Wanted a Hindu cultured Lady who could be in charge of School going children and teach English and Hindi to ladies in the family, all found. Apply stating Education, terms, references, experience, age etc., to Box No. 12502, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted a qualified lady doctor for a female Hospital in small State in Kathiawar, failing diploma, full experience essential, starting salary up to Rs. 80 p.m. free partially furnished quarters. Apply with copies of testimonials to Box No. 1398, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted A Branch Secretary for Karachi Office by a Bonus paying Life Office of 20 years' standing, on decent salary and allowances. Only first class men need apply stating age and past experience to Box No. 12493 "Bombay Chronicle."

62. TO BE LET

Matunga G. I. P. Three room blocks with all conveniences available; rent moderate. High-class Hindu Vegetarians only. Four rooms could be arranged. Enquire 12, Shradhanand Road, Plot No. 422, "Moti-Jani-Bhuvan", D. M. Jani. (12495)

70. BUNGALOWS TO LET

To Be Let—A Commodious and Airy Bungalow Melecaff Lodge at Mount Pleasant Road with a big garden, motor garages, stables and servant quarters. Apply Hirabai D. Saher, Warden Road or 'Phone 40119. (12491)

269. MASSAGE

Expert Physical Culturist undertakes residential Scientific Massage, Body-Building, Weight-Lifting, Weight-reducing, etc. Recommended by Profession. Apply Box No. 12569 "Bombay Chronicle"

347. LOANS & MORTGAGES

Three Lakhs available on freehold mortgage Bombay properties for one/two years up to 60 per cent. No brokers. Please write directly Post Box 928, Bombay. (12483)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent-Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

TENDERS.

TENDERS ARE INVITED FOR CARRYING Pan & Plantain Baskets throughout this year from Bassein City to Lahore via Delhi. For Particulars please see personally the Secretary, Pan & Kela Merchants' Association, Bassein, Dist.—Thana.

1418.

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS for CLERICAL POSTS in the Office of the Director of Public Instruction are invited from graduates. Preference will be given to those strong in English and coming from non-advanced classes. Form of application will be supplied to intending candidates on application to the Director of Public Instruction, Poona. **Last date for receipt of applications is 6th December, 1939.**

(1415)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

CITY ENGINEER'S DEPARTMENT. (WORKS BRANCH).

NOTICE.

TENDERS for the work of filling in low lying plot at Mahim Causeway junction Mori Road, will be received upto 1 p.m. (Bombay Time) on WEDNESDAY, the 29th November, 1939.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay, enclosed in a sealed envelope bearing the description of the tender.

Forms of tender, specification, etc., will be issued on payment of Rupees Five only to any one deputed to receive them by the City Engineer, who will on application give any further information that may be required.

In case of a firm, the names of all the partners must invariably be specified in the tender.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

(Sd.) N. V. MODAK,
City Engineer.

City Engineer's Department, (Works Branch), Municipal Offices, Bombay, 17-11-1939.

1417.

VACANCY.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of GUZARATI INTERPRETER in the High Court, Madras, on a salary of Rs. 240-20/2-280.

Applicants should be graduates in Law of a recognised University. They should be able to fluently interpret in Guzarati and Marwari and read manuscripts in both the languages including the Bikanir and Agarwal scripts of Marwari. They should have a fair knowledge of the Mahratti language with ability to read the Modi script, and also have a knowledge of Hindi-spoken and written. A knowledge of Urdu is not essential but will be helpful Previous experience, if any, as interpreters should be stated.

Applicants should be prepared, if required, to come to Madras at their own expense and undergo a practical test in interpretation and manuscript reading. The selected candidate will be on probation for a year. Each applicant should pay into the Reserve Bank of India a fee of Rs. 10 to the credit of "XXI Administration of Justice Miscellaneous-Fees and Fines (Madras)," and send the Bank receipt with the application. The amount so paid will not be refunded.

Applications should be addressed to the Registrar, High Court, Madras, and should reach him on or before 15th December, 1939.

(Signed) D. APPA RAO.
Registrar.

High Court, Madras, 17th November, 1939.

1414.

Public Notices

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

TENDERS for the supply of Hay for one year from 1-3-1940 will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay not later than 1 p.m. (B. T.) on 29-11-1939.

Tender I—Hay to be supplied in Bombay.

Tender II—Hay to be supplied at the Municipal Slaughter House at Bandra.

Forms of tender, specifications will be given to intending tenderers or their agents on payment of Rupee one by the undersigned who will give further particulars required.

The tenders should be enclosed in a sealed envelope which must be endorsed "Tender for the supply of Hay to the Municipal Cattle," addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the Office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay.

Only hand pressed bundles of hay of the crops for the years 1938 and 1939, will be accepted.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner,
R. K. MHATRE,
Ag. Executive Health Officer.
Public Health Deptt., Bombay, 17th Novr., 1939.

1410.

BOMBAY PROHIBITION

NOTICE.

FOREIGN LIQUOR PERMITS ISSUE OF—

All ad interim permits for the consumption of foreign liquor expiring on 30th November 1939, other than those granted on grounds of health or for religious purposes, will be replaced on the days specified below, by permits terminating on 31st March, 1940, unless in any individual cases the undersigned directs otherwise.

Saturday 25-11-1939 Permits bearing Nos. 1 to 1000.
Monday 27-11-1939 Permits bearing Nos. 1001 to 2000.
Tuesday 28-11-1939 Permits bearing Nos. 2001 to 3000.
Wednesday 29-11-1939 Permits bearing Nos. 3001 to 4000.
Thursday 30-11-1939 Permits bearing Nos. 4001 onwards.

The fee for the permit will be such as would bring the total fees paid by the permit holder between 1st August 1939 (or any subsequent date) and 31st March 1940 up to Rs. 7|- exclusive of Re. 1|- paid for the application form.

The above-mentioned ad interim permits may therefore please be produced either personally or by agent or servant with the requisite amount at the Foreign Liquor Permit Office, at Bori Bunder Excise Station behind the 'Times of India' Office, Bombay on the appointed date between the hours of 11 A.M. to 5-30 P.M.

E. G. TAYLOR,
Commissioner of Excise.
Old Custom House, Fort, Bombay, 20th November, 1939.

Auction Sales

GANDHI & CO.

Government Auctioneers

SALE THIS DAY

AUCTION SALE OF IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT JAIL ROAD.

Messrs Gandhi and Co., Auctioneers will under instructions from Messrs Khandvala and Chhotalal, Attorneys for Messrs Hinduji Pragaji and Co., the mortgagees and on account and at the risk of mortgagor Hussein Jaina Labedin Shirazi, in pursuance of the mortgage, dated the 17th July 1926 and further charge dated 13th June 1934 sell by Public Auction the undermentioned property this day (Tuesday) the 21st November, 1939 at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises.

Pension and Tax tenure but now redeemed land at the junction of Jail Road and Mirza Ali Mahomed Khan Road with the dwelling house admeasuring 376 square yards or thereabouts and registered under New Survey No. 3648 and Cadastral Survey No. 1865 of the Mandvi Division and under D Ward No. 3418(1) and Street No. 80.

For further particulars and conditions of sale please apply to Messrs Khandwala and Chhotalal, Attorneys for the mortgagees or to the undersigned.

GANDHI & CO.

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT TEMKAR STREET, NEAR TWO TANKS.

Messrs. BENNETT & CO., under instructions from Messrs. Gulamali Noorani and Co., Attorneys for the owner of the property and on account and risk of the defaulting purchaser Shaikh Mohsinbhai Shaikh Haptullabhai, will sell by Public Auction on Thursday, the 30th instant at 4 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction on the premises:—

Quit and ground rent land with building at Temkar Street, admeasuring about 260 sq. yards, bearing Municipal Street Nos. 129 and 133, and bounded on the East by Sweeper's passage, on the West, by Temker Street, on the North by the property of Jooma Hassan and on the South by the property of Masjid of Mahomedan Moosaji.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Goolamali Noorani and Co., Solicitors at Tamarind House, Tamarind Lane, Fort or to the Undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF WELL-KNOWN 4711 GLYCERINE SOAP (CAKE).

Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will on Friday, the 24th instant at 3 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at their rooms by order of the office concerned:—

20 Cases 4711 Glycerine Soap (Cake).

Terms:—25 per cent. deposit.

BENNETT & CO.

J. S. MODY & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT CHIMNA BUTCHER STREET.

Under instructions from Messrs. Matubhai Jamietram and Madan, Attorneys for the Mortgagees and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagors Babamiya alias Mohidin Shakkar Chatoo and others and in pursuance of the power of sale reserved to the Mortgagees under the Indenture of Mortgage dated the 31st day of May, 1935, and made between the said Mortgagors of the one part and the said Mortgagees of the other part Messrs. J. S. MODY & CO., auctioneers, will sell by public auction on the premises on Wednesday the 22nd day of November, 1939, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) the undermentioned immovable property:

All that piece or parcel of redeemed land or ground together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Chimna Butcher Street outside the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 150 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 1615, New No. 8740, Old Survey No. 1084, New Survey No. 4185, Cadastral Survey No. 4143 of Bhuleshwar Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under C Ward No. 7189 and Street Nos. 23-25.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Matubhai Jamietram and Madan, Attorneys for the Mortgagees at their office in Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, or to the undersigned.

J. S. MODY & CO.

Triumphant Third 3rd WEEK
SABITA DEVI
IN
AS YOU PLEASE
SUDAMA'S FIRST HIT
NOW AT
IMPERIAL
Daily: 4-15, 7 & 10 p.m.
Mats. at 1-30 on Sat., Sun. & Holidays.

SECOND WEEK
WADIA'S
KAHAN HAI MANZIL TERI
Featuring:
ILADEVI, RADHARANI, HARISCHANDRA, SHAH NAWAZ,
Directed by:
S. M. YOUSUF.
LAMINGTON
Daily at 4-30, 7 & 10 P.M.
SAT.-SUN. MATINEE AT 2 P.M.

GENERAL HOSPITAL IN FARTHEST NORTH OF CITY

Proposal To Be Placed Shortly Before Corporation

The following are extracts from the Annual Administration of the K. E. M. Hospital for 1938-39:—

The Hospital worked during the course of the year very much in excess of its full complement of 370 beds in spite of a constant check exercised on the admission of patients.

The popularity of the Hospital has been growing day by day with the result that the number who seek treatment at its doors has been ever on the increase. As usual the wards have been so congested that a very large number of patients had to be accommodated on the floor. During the emergency turn of the ward the number of patients even exceeded the figure of 60 occasionally, in place of the scheduled number of 31, the highest number of in-patients in a ward on a single day being 69. With an increase therefore, of 50 to over 100 per cent. above the scheduled number of patients in a ward it became as in the previous years, impossible to look after them efficiently and carefully without a corresponding increase in the nursing and labour staff, though, no doubt, some relief by way of additional staff in the shape of a couple each of nurses, ward boys and sweepers were sanctioned by the Corporation.

Increase In Patients

The steadily increasing demand for medical relief at the K. E. M. Hospital since the last few years may be attributed to the rapid development of the North of the Island. As there is no other large general hospital in this area and as the financial condition of the general public continues to be poor, there seems to be little prospect of the number of out-patients and in-patients ever falling to its previous level.

A note on the necessity of having a moderate-sized general hospital in the farthest North of the Island is under preparation and will be submitted soon, as all the details are available, for the consideration of the Corporation. With the rapid development in the northern part of the Island the question of adequate medical relief in Sion, Dharavi and Matunga, etc., areas would soon need to be tackled.

Extension Of The Hospital

The programme of extension, mention of which was made in the last year's report, has been going apace steadily. During the year under report a new ward pavilion has been added to the existing number of wards. A second pavilion is almost nearing completion. The electro-cardiograph room is being extended by the addition of a wing and a couple of rooms. So also are being enlarged the rooms for general and linen stores and for stocking furniture and other deadstock.

A special mention may be made of the rapid progress with which the construction of the new Nurses' Home is being carried out. The construction of the new ministerial staff quarters which was taken up in hand at the beginning of the calendar year is almost nearing completion.

Labour Staff Welfare

Another special feature of the works under construction is the addition of a floor on each side of the rooms near the garage which are provided with a hall, verandah and bathroom arrangements for the use of the Social Welfare centre for the labour staff. An additional floor has also been provided by the side of the Clinical Pathology Laboratory to provide additional facilities for laboratory work, the need for which was greatly felt for many a year.

The statistical tables attached to the report record in detail the number, attendance, etc., in all the departments of the Hospital and the number and nature of operations performed during the period under report. From the abridged summary, it would be seen how considerably the work carried out during the year 1938 has grown compared to that in the previous years. On an average 100 more out-patients attended the Hospital every day than the year 1937. So far as the in-patient work is concerned, very often there have been 60 to 90 extra patients over the scheduled number in the Hospital, the maximum number of in-patients on a single day being 460 thus making their nursing and care very difficult.

Out of the total number of 13,750 in-patients (13,320 admitted during the year under report and 430 previous year's balance) 3,723 were cured, 6,094 were discharged as relieved, 2,051 either left hospital against medical advice or were otherwise discharged and 1,450 died, leaving a balance of 432 patients at the end of the year. Besides these, there were two still-born children. Out of 1,450 deaths, 445 died within the first 24 hours of admission, 267 after 24 hours and within three days of admission, and the remaining 738 after 3 days of their admission into the Hospital.

The total expenditure incurred on the maintenance of the hospital during the year 1938-39 including the liabilities outstanding at the end of the year, approximately amounts to Rs. 5,67,749. This expenditure includes the cost of maintenance and treatment of in-patients, the cost of the out-patient department, of the resident medical, nursing and menial staff as well as that of the administration, and of the maintenance and repairs of buildings, etc.

"OUTSIDERS" RESIGN FROM PRESS WORKERS' UNION

Testing 'Bona Fides' Of Management

(From A Correspondent)

A general meeting of the members of the "Times of India" Press Employees' Association was held on Saturday 18th inst. at the Chunilal Mehta Hut to review the negotiations going on with the Management regarding the notice of dismissal to nearly 700 employees and to consider the next step. Mr. M. R. Masani presided.

Mr. Masani at the outset gave a resume of the talks with the Management and said that the Management was taking objection to the presence of honorary members and making it an excuse for not recognising the Association or conceding its demands.

The question before the meeting was whether to accept this stand of the Management or to set up the issue through strike. He stressed with great emphasis that the honorary members were there merely to guide the activities of the Association and were in no way irresponsible instigators as the Management seemed to think them to be and the workers had every right to take their assistance. If however an honourable settlement could be arrived at between the workers and the Management and if their presence were the only obstacle in the way, they would gladly retire in order to facilitate such understanding. He warned them however that the real issue was of dismissal and they should be prepared to fight for their existence if necessary.

The workers were deeply moved by this and were very reluctant to allow the Office-bearers to retire. But when Mr. Masani induced them to try this and see if their demands were conceded by this, they unanimously agreed to the following resolutions:—

"The Management of the Press having objected to the presence of "outsiders" in the Association and having sought to make an excuse of it for not dealing with the Association it is resolved that the resignation tendered by Messrs. M. R. Masani as President, Purshottam Trikamdas as Vice-President, S. R. Deshpande as Joint Secretary, Ashok Mehta and H. B. Sonpal as Hon. Members be accepted with an expression of thanks for their services to the Association.

"Resolved further that the Management be now requested to withdraw all notices of dismissal and to agree that in the event of dismissals becoming necessary in future, they will be made after consultation with and the consent of the Association and on the basis of newest men being discharged first."

The following new office-bearers were then elected:—President A. D'Cruz; Vice-Presidents Parsram Ramchandra and Braz Fernandes; Secretaries C. K. Pillay and A. I. Savant; Treasurer O. S. Chettier.

ENDING ILLETERACY IN INDORE

Schools To Be Opened

The publicity Officer, Indore State writes:—

"With a view to banishing illiteracy from the State altogether, the Indore Government have decided to open 20 new primary schools every year in the districts. This announcement was made by Rai Bahadur Col. Dinanath, Prime Minister, replying to an address presented to him by the merchants of Khargone.

Government are reported to have recently sanctioned a grant of Rs. 40 per month to the Gram Seva Kutir of Sendhwa. This institution has been started by Mr. Sharma of the Gandhi Seva Sangh for the benefit of the Barelas—a criminal tribe in the State."

ALLEGED VIOLATION OF WAKF ACT

The cases in which the Bohra trustees of several "Wakf" properties, stand charged for offences, alleged to have been committed, under the Wakf Act, came up for hearing on Saturday before Mr. Indravadan Mehta, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court.

The accused are (1) Mr. Gulam Hussein Alibhai Jariwala (2) Yusuf Ali Lakdawala (3) Gulam Hussein Ibrahim Lotia and (4) Ibrahim Musaji Sardaria.

The prosecution was launched against the accused for having failed to submit the statements of accounts and of particulars within a stipulated date, with respect to the properties, held by them in trust.

Mr. Petigara, the Public Prosecutor, submitted that the cases be taken up separately, though the offence was the same in all of them. The case against the first accused, Mr. Ghulam Hussein Alibhai Jariwala, he stated, was in the nature of a test case.

Explaining the sub-sections 3 and 5 of Section 10 of the Wakf Act, he said that the sub-sections required that every "Mutavalis" should furnish a statement of particulars and a statement of accounts within a certain period with regard to the property held in trust. The accused failed to submit such statements and hence committed two offences under Section 10.

HOW PROSECUTION STARTED.

Mr. Mushtak Ahmed Farid, Chief Clerk of the Wakf Department, in his examination-in-chief, stated that a notice had been issued against the first accused on January 20, 1938 for having failed to furnish statements under Section 10. The Chief Judge of the Small Cause's Court had sanctioned the prosecution against the accused on May 30, 1938.

Cross-examined by Mr. Nomanbhai, Defence Counsel, the witness said that he had no personal interest in the matter, but his evidence was based on the records which he had produced.

Mr. M. Donde, a clerk in the Collector's Office, stated that the Collector of Bombay prepared a revised list of "Wakf" property and the same was published in the "Government Gazette" of 2nd September, 1937.

The Defence raised an objection to the list being recorded as a piece of evidence, on the ground that the Collector was not at all empowered to make such a list under the Act.

Mr. Petigara submitted that the Collector was entitled to frame the list under the Government Resolution of February, 1927.

The Defence said that the list was irrelevant under the Evidence Act, though it might have been framed under the Government Resolution.

The Magistrate took note of the objection.

Cross-examined by the Defence, the witness said that no notice was issued against any one of the "Mutavalis," before the preparation of the list.

The accused pleaded not guilty. Further hearing has been adjourned to December, 9.

TILL THURSDAY only
Change of Programme
TO-DAY
THE EXCELSIOR
DAILY AT 6-30 P.M.
UDAY SHANKAR INDIA CULTURE CENTRE
presents
UDAY SHANKAR
AND
THE CENTRE GROUP OF
20 Dancers and Musicians
To-day's Programme includes:
"Bhasmasur" ballet, "Kumaon Grass Cutters," "Chitra Sena," "Jyotsna," "Patra Lipi," "Bhil Dance," "Shiv Parvati Nrittya Dwandwa," "Gandharva," "Snake Charmer," etc.
Rates: Rs. 10, 7, 5-12, 4-8, 3-6, 2-4, 1-2.
PLANS OPEN—BOOK EARLY.

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BUFFALOES REPLACED BY DREDGERS

When we examine a map of Rome and its suburbs and look at the region situated to the south of the Eternal City, we notice that the famous Appian Way, leading to Terracina, runs for most of its length through low-lying lands, the Pontine Marshes.

There, quite close to Rome, were more than 150,000 acres of valueless land, for the Pontine Marshes themselves are uninhabitable. The land situated on the heights suffered to such a degree from malarial fevers that the small town of Nimfa, at the foot of the mountains, was abandoned by its inhabitants, who feared for their lives.

Already, in Antiquity, undertakings were started in Rome for improving the situation, but the natural conditions of the marshes were not favourable for drying operations. They were enclosed on one side by the mountains and on the other by dunes and in the middle was a ridge where the Appian Way had been laid. The first people to attempt drainage, the Volsques, dug a canal about 200 B.C. to lead off the water across the dunes, this canal having rendered great services for centuries, but in the Middle Ages the situation had again become disquieting.

In the 17th century, the Golden Age of Italy, several energetic Popes reigned, whose names are still associated with works of art and large undertakings. They were by no means satisfied to see the marshes under the walls of Rome and issued contracts for drainage operations. Amongst those who secured these contracts were two Dutchmen, specialists in hydraulic work. The first, Nicolaes de Wit, calles Scapecaes, negotiated during seven years with different authorities, drew up a drainage scheme and plan for land reclaiming on a large scale, and then died of malaria. After him, Cornelis Meyer, originating from Amsterdam, a very energetic man, took over the directing of the work and succeeded in obtaining a decided improvement. But before long his labours were seriously hampered by the population of the adjacent villages, who thought that he was infringing on their rights, being encouraged in their resistance by the large land-owners who disapproved of the intervention of the Holy See. They even went so far as to make openings in the dykes and damage the works. After the death of Meyer (he died of malaria) these works were soon abandoned and drainage was simply reduced to seeing that the water flowed freely in the canals, herds of half-wild buffaloes being driven through them in the spring, so that they could tread down the water weeds that had invaded the canals. The canals were thus kept cleared, but at the same time they were seriously damaged.

This primitive process was maintained until the 20th century. It was not until the Fascist era that the buffaloes were replaced by dredgers, and the Titanic work restarted in an energetic manner for draining the Pontine Marshes and making them habitable. But in this struggle, a powerful ally is now available, which was missing three centuries ago, viz. Quinine. Without this inestimable remedy, once again the work undertaken would have cost the lives of thousands of men and the attempt would probably have had to be given up. Thanks to Quinine, the workmen have been able to withstand malaria and this splendid undertaking has been brought to a successful issue. If the Pontine Marshes now provide places to live in and a means of existence to a large population, this is due in a large measure to the little white tablets that the authorities have ordered to be distributed amongst the workmen and which contain the salutary remedy constituted by Quinine.

At the present time, the Malaria Commissioner of the League of Nations recommends the taking—as a preventive measure—of a daily dose of 6 grains during the entire fever season, and for treating malarial patients, a dose of from 15 to 18 grains per day during 5 to 7 days. No after-treatments are necessary, but for every case of relapse the treatment is repeated as before.

PRODUCE MARKETS STRONG

Bombay, November 20.

Thee was consideable excitement in all produce markets. Cotton prices advanced to Rs. 247, Castorseeds to Rs. 61, Groundnuts to Rs. 43/8, Cottonseed to Rs. 26/8, Linseed rose to Rs. 3/8 and Wheat to Rs. 4-5-6. There was extensive speculative buying.

On The Air

TUESDAY, NOV. 21.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

4-30 p.m. Bombay Pentagular Cricket Tournament. 5-30 Lakshman Prasad. 5-40 An instrumental novelty. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Local news and announcements. 6-15 An interview with Dr. Tagore. 6-30 Radhabai. 6-45 Bhajans. 7 For villagers only. 7-45 Ghulam Fareed. 8 Rani Devi and party. 8-15 Episodes from the Epics. 8. 8-30 Sitar recital. 8-45 Duets. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-45 Henri Temianka. 9-50 Chamber Music. 10-30 Late news. Close down.

Delhi II—Programme

31.3 metres (9,590 kc/s)

8 to 10-30 and 11-30 a.m. to 2-40 p.m. As in Delhi 1.

60.42 metres (4,960 kc/s)

4-30 to 6-30 As in Delhi 1. 6-30 Rani Devi and party. 6-40 Lakshman Prasad. 7 A Surbahar recital. 7-15 Geet Aur Bhajan. 8 to 10-30 As in Delhi 1. 10-30 Late news. Close down.

Delhi III—Programme

19.63 metres (15,290 kc/s)

8 to 9-15 a.m. See page No. 1545. 9-15 to 10-30 and 11-30 to 2-40 p.m. As in Delhi 1.

31.5 metres (9,590 kc/s)

5 to 8-10 See page No. 1545. 8-10 to 7 As in Delhi 1. 7 to 10 See page No. 1545. 10 to 10-30 As in Delhi 1.

Bombay I—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

8 a.m. Keep fit! 8-10 Duets. 8-15 News in Marathi. 8-20 News in Gujarati. 8-25 Master Ratnakant. 8-40 News in Hindustani. 8-50 News in English. 9 The Bombay Radio Orchestra. 9-15 Nissar Husain. 9-20 Shankerrao. 9-35 G. M. Durrani. 9-40 Readings from Marathi books. 9-45 Ebrahim. 9-55 Ram-Sumar. 10 Close down.

10-30 Bombay Pentangular Cricket Tournament. 1 p.m. Film songs. 1-15 News in Hindustani. 1-20 Vasant Amrit. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Mantorani and his Orchestra. 2 Bombay Pentangular Cricket Tournament. 5-30 Close down.

5-45 Pahari Sanyal. 5-50 News in Marathi. 5-55 News in Gujarati. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Ghulam Rusool. 6-20 Gujarati Bhatgeets. 6-30 Jyotsna Bhole. 7 Win or place. 7-15 Dinanathrao Mangeshkar. 7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 The Bombay Radio Orchestra. 7-55 News in Marathi. 8-10 News in Gujarati. 8-25 Tomorrow. 8-30 Hats Off. 3. 8-45 Ghulam Rusool. 8-55 Talk of the town. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-45 Henri Temianka. 9-50 Chamber Music. 10-30 Late news. Close down.

Bombay II—Programme

31.4 metres (9,380 kc/s)

8 to 10 and 10-30 a.m. to 5-30 p.m. As in Bombay 1.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

5-45 to 8-10 As in Bombay 1. 8-10 Dinanathrao Mangeshkar. 8-40 The Air Trio. 8-50 Ghulam Rusool. 7 to 9-30 As in Bombay 1. 9-30 Jyotsna Bhole. 9-55 Durbari and Marnbehag. 10-2 Dinanathrao Mangeshkar. 10-30 Late news. Close down.

Calcutta I—Programme

370.4 metres (810 kc/s)

(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time.)

5 p.m. For the Children. 5-40 News in Bengali. 5-45 For the Children. (Contd.) 6 News in English 6-10 Angurbala. 6-30 Nutu Mukherjee. 6-50 Mantu Bannerjee. 7-5 Biyer Kone. 7-12 Rekha Coomar. 7-27 Koner Biye. 7-35 The Jantri Sangha. 7-50 Sing, learn and sing again. 8-20 Santosh Sen Gupta. 8-40 Announcements in Bengali. 8-45 News in Bengali. 9 So this is Calcutta. 4. 9-15 Announcements in English. 9-20 News in English. 9-45 Sujit Ranjan Roy. 10 K. C. Dey. 10-30 Late news. Close down.

Calcutta II—Programme

31.48 metres (9,530 kc/s)

8-30 to 9-30, 10-30 to 11-30 a.m. and 12-30 to 2-30 p.m. As in Calcutta 1.

61.98 metres (4,840 kc/s)

5 to 9-30 As in Calcutta 1. 9-30 H. E. Gardner. 9-45 The Tersettes in a Melodious Medley. 10 Sid Lewis and his dance band. 10-30 Late news. Close down.

Lahore Programme

276 metres (1,086 kc/s)

8-46 p.m. For the countryside. 7 Bai Saraswatibai. 7-20 Sadhu Lal. 7-30 The Drive against illiteracy 7-45 Roshan Lal Bhatnagar. 8-5 Kumari Shakuntala Deshpande. 8-15 The Literacy Campaign. 4. 8-30 Bai Saraswatibai. 8-40 Sadhu Lal. 8-50 Duets. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-50 Apni Apni Pasand. 10-30 Late news. Close down.

Lucknow Programme

293.5 metres (1,022 kc/s)

6-10 p.m. Qaisar Jahan. 6-25 Maharashtra Bhajan Mandali. 6-30 Hamara Panchayetghar. 7 Maharashtra Bhajan Mandali. 7-15 Ek Tha Raja. 8 Civilisation's Keynote. 8-15 Qaisar Jahan. 8-28 Maharashtra Bhajan Mandali. 8-43 Lucknow Radio Trio. 8-46 Qaisar Jahan. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-45 Music. 9-50 Behind the Bars. 4. 10-5 Qaisar Jahan. 10-11 Dekhat Hai Ab Rat Pia Ki. 10-22 Qaisar Jahan. 10-30 Late news. Close down.

Madras I—Programme

211 metres (1,420 kc/s)

4 p.m. Children's Educational Broadcasts. 4-5 Things of interest. 4-6 About Ourselves. 4-15 Short story in Telugu. 4-20 Songs in Telugu. 4-30 Tango Tunes. 5 S. Panchapakesan. 5-10 News in Telugu. 5-15 News in Tamil. 5-35 Chikka Rama Rao. 5-5 Mrs. N. Kamala Srinivasan. 6-45 Ratnangi. 7 Order Order. 7-15 Market rates and announcements. 7-20 News in Telugu. 7-35 News in Tamil. 7-50 Chikka Rama Rao. 8-30 R. Nagaraja Rao. 9 The Climacteric. 3. 9-15 Local news and announcements. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 R. Nagaraja Rao. 10 Ariyakudi Ramannja Iyengar. 10-30 Late news. Close down.

Madras II—Programme

60.98 metres (4,920 kc/s)

4 to 6-5 p.m. As in Madras 1. 6-5 For rural areas only. 6-15 On Gardening 6-25 A selection from Kasimsjli Kathalu. 6-45 to 9-30 As in Madras 1. 9-30 R. Nagaraja Rao. 10-29 Late news. Close down.

Hyderabad Programme

411 metres (730 kc/s)

5-30 p.m. Baloo Bai—Classical music. 5-50 Kamaluddin—Light music. 6 to 6-30 For Children (Urdu) music. 6-30 Studio Orchestra —'Dhani'. 6-40 S. Hussain—Light music. 7 M. Rao—Light music. 7-10 A humorous talk by H. Nakara. 7-25 Baloo Bai—Light music. 7-50 M. Rao—Light music. 8-45 Kamaluddin —Light music. 8-55 Habeebuddin—Tabla Solo. 9-05 Malha Rao—Light music. 9-15 S. Hussain—Light music. 9-35 Baloo Bai—Classical and light music.

Trichy Programme

396 metres (758 kc/s)

5 p.m. Instrumental Overture. 5-5 Learn to sing. 5-15 News in Tamil. 5-20 Shrimati C. S. Saradambal. 6 News in English. 6-5 For the villages. 6-45 Kumbakonam Siva Vadivel Pillai. 7-15 Life a drama. 7-30 Announcements. 7-35 News in Tamil. 7-50 K. P. Sivanandam Pillai. 8-30 Nagaiar. 8-45 Shrimati C. S. Saradambal. 9-20 News in English. 9-45 K. P. Sivanandam Pillai. 10-30 Late news. Close down.

New York Cotton Prices Advance In Sympathy With Bombay

TRADE BUYING NEARS AND BOMBAY DISTANTS

Scattered Hedging And Long Liquidation

Bombay, Nov 20

On Saturday, the New York cotton market was influenced by firmness of Bombay market. Prices early advanced on the firmness of Bombay and Alexandria advices but later backed and filled narrowly.

The British Government has agreed to buy up to 155 million lbs. of Egyptian cotton if prices fe'l below the Alexandria closing of 11th November. The above quantity is approximately equivalent to the quantity normally exported to Germany.

WEEKLY REVIEW

Apart from the midweek setback on liquidation based on the theory that any marked advance in December beyond 9.50 will attract considerable repossession of loan cotton, the market touched new high levels for the moment, with persistent trade buying in December, foreign buying and Wall Street covering, especially in March, offsetting scattered hedge selling and foreign liquidation. The belief that values will not markedly recede from current levels due to optimistic supply and demand outlook this season was a sustaining factor. The decline in exports to Europe due to shipping difficulties after the revision of the Neutrality Act attracted attention. The Cotton Exchange Service estimates world production of commercial cotton for the current season at 27,838,000 compared with 27,407,000 last year and 36,784,000 bales two years ago. Cotton goods business was quiet chiefly of a filling-in character. Meanwhile a trading market is indicated for the time being, although the concensus of opinion expects higher prices later.

NEW YORK MARKET

The market opened steady and advanced on active Bombay buying of distants and trade buying of nears which absorbed local Spot House selling and scattered hedging and weak liquidation meeting continued price fixing. The session closed steady.

At the opening December was quoted 5 points up at 9.67 and advanced to 9.68 which was the highest rate for the day. Later on there was increased selling and prices reacted to 9.62. At this level there was scattered buying and the market closed at a net rise of 4 to 9 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 5 points at 9.88c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was fairly steady and closed at a rise of 5 to 6 points. Spot cotton prices gained 5 points at 9.76c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton market was entirely closed on Saturday.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET

The Alexandria cotton market was fairly firm with active buying. Sakels futures advanced 34 to 26 points and Ashmouni futures closed 15 to 21 points up.

The firmness of the strong statistical position is now being felt and it is generally agreed that about 2 million bales will have to be repossessed before the next American cotton crop is available and that the repossession price will be about 10 cents per lb. As the reason advanced there will be scarcity of free cotton and in some quarters it is feared that owing to war in Europe, the outlook does not favour any material rise. But this is a problem which entirely depends upon the duration of War and we believe that cotton position is strong.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York December highest (10-54 a.m.)	9.68+06
New York December lowest (11-15 a.m.)	9.62

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

New York: Bombay believed good buyers. Opening demand not sustained. Further advance may release loan cotton. Spots goods quiet.

Exports and consumption fully meeting expectations. Call on loan cotton to fill deficiency inevitable. British bid for Egyptian cotton refused as too low. Continue bullish. November 28th notice date December cotton, may reduce premium to distants.

Appears inevitable that considerable 1938 loan cotton will be needed before new crop and present loan terms would require May July fully ten cents to attract cotton from loan. When Congress convenes, there will be pressure to waive carrying charges loan cotton but don't believe Congress will do so. Think October, purchases in long run will show moderate profits.

NEW YORK COTTON.
New York, Nov. 18.

	To-day's Closing.
October	
December	9.67
January	9.58
March	9.48
May	9.25
July	8.94
Middling spot, nominal	9.88

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.
New York, Nov. 18.

October	
December	9.75
January	9.66
March	9.56
Middling spot, nominal	9.76

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.
New York, Nov. 18.

	Bales.
Day's receipt at all U. S. Ports	22,000
Day's exports to Great Britain	31,000
Day's exports to the Continent	9,000
Day's exports to China and Japan	Nil.

LONDON EXCHANGES.
London, Nov. 18.

T. T. London on:—	
New York	4.02 04
Paris	176/177
Berlin	unquoted.
Madrid, seller	38.30*
Montreal	4.43/4.47
Amsterdam	7.52/7.58
Brussels	24.35/24.60*
Milan	76.75*
Berne	17.80/17.95
Copenhagen	20.25*
Stockholm	16.70/16.90
Oslo	17.50/17.70

* Unofficial.

PROGRESS OF INDIAN TEXTILE INDUSTRY

Madras And Mysore Add 5 Mills

The Bombay Millowners' Association's Annual Mill Statement for the Cotton Year ended the 31st August, 1939, has just been published:—

The Statement contains the names of Cotton Spinning and Weaving Mills, erected or projected, in British India and Indian States, as also the names of the Agents or Owners; particulars of share capital; the number of looms and spindles—erected and working—in each equipped mill; the quantity of cotton consumed in candles; the average number of hands employed daily; and the average number of days worked by each mill during the year. In addition, the Statement contains statistical summaries showing the growth of the Cotton Mill Industry in India as a whole, in Bombay City and Island, Ahmedabad and the Province of Bombay including Sind but excluding the Cities of Bombay and Ahmedabad, since the year 1899.

FEATURES OF THIS YEAR'S STATEMENT

An increase in the number of equipped mills from 380 to 389 coupled with an increase in the amount of paid up capital from Rs. 40,49 lakhs to Rs. 42,81 lakhs, and an increase in the number of installed spindles by 40,000 and cotton consumption by 174,000 candles are the special features of this year's Statement.

BOMBAY

The number of equipped mills in Bombay City and Island dropped by one from 69 to 68 due to the scrapping of the machinery in the New Islam Mills which has not worked since 1928. The number of equipped mills in Ahmedabad dropped by one from 78 to 77 owing to the scrapping of the machinery in the Astodia Mfg. Co. Ltd. and the Vimala Mills Ltd., but the Gujarat Hosiery Factory which was not included in the last year's Statement has been added this year. The number of mills in the Province of Bombay, outside the Cities of Bombay and Ahmedabad increased from 61 to 62 by the addition of the Santakbhai Weaving Factory. The only mill in Sind, namely, the Sind Textile Mill, which started work on 1st February 1937, was taken into liquidation during the year and is at present not working.

BENGAL

The number of equipped mills in Bengal rose from 23 to 36; the Laxmi Cotton Spg. and Wvg. Co. Ltd. and the Mohini Mills Ltd. No. 2, commenced work during the year. No change was recorded in the number of mills in Rajputana, Central Provinces and Berar, but the number of equipped mills in the United Provinces and the Punjab increased by one in each owing to the New Krishna Mills Ltd. and the Punjab Cloth Mills Ltd. having commenced work during the year.

In the province of Madras and Mysore, the number of equipped mills increased by 5 with the commencement of work by the following mills:

1. The Asher Textile Mills,
2. The Kasturi Mills,
3. The Soundaraja Mills,
4. The Thirumagal Mills,
5. The Davangere Cotton Mills (Mysore).

The Bhopal Textiles in Central India also started working during the period under review.

Out of the 389 equipped mills in the country, 22 were partially or completely idle, as against 25 last year and 35 the year before. Of these 22 mills, 4 were located in the City and Island of Bombay, 3 in the City of Ahmedabad, 2 mills in other parts of Bombay Presidency and 13 mills in other parts of India.

SPINDLES AND LOOMS

The total number of spindles in the equipped mills of India stood at 10,059,000 as compared with 10,020,000 and 9,731,000 on 31st August 1938 and 1937 respectively. The number of looms increased by 2,200 as compared with an increase of 3,100 last year, the actual figures on 31st August 1939 and 1938 being 202,464 and 200,286 respectively. In the City and Island of Bombay, the number of spindles totalled a little less than 2.9 millions—a decrease of about 55,000 over the figure last year—while the number of looms stood at 67,235 which is more or less the same as last year. In Ahmedabad, the number of spindles decreased by 40,000 from 1,942,000 to 1,902,000. This compares with a decrease of 31,000 during the previous year. The number of looms decreased from 47,147 to 46,853. In the Province of Bombay, outside the Cities of Bombay and Ahmedabad, the numbers of spindles and looms increased by 6,000 and 500 respectively to 1,263,561 and 26,902.

In the United Provinces, the number of spindles dropped from 736,000 to 725,000 but the total number of looms rose by nearly 200.

The number of erected spindles and looms in the Province of Bengal increased by 26,000 and 600 respectively. In the Province of Madras, there was an increase of 55,000 spindles as against an increase of 132,000 spindles last year, but the number of looms installed remained more or less the same, the totals on 31st August 1939 being 13,686,309 spindles and 6,712 looms. In Central India which includes mills in Indore, Gwalior and other Central India States such as Bhopal and Rutlam, the number of spindles advanced by 12,000 to 389,000, while the number of looms rose by 500 to 11,000. In the Punjab, the numbers of spindles and looms rose by 16,000 and 600 respectively to totals of 111,000 and 2,600. The number of spindles and looms installed in the Delhi Province increased by 700 and 100 respectively, the total figures being 108,634 and 3,112. In Berar, the number of spindles increased from 67,000 to 68,000 and the increase in the number of looms was insignificant. In Hyderabad (Nizam's Territory), the number of spindles and looms respectively. In Mysore State, there was an increase of 14,000 spindles but the number of looms remained more or less the same as last year, the total figures on 31st August 1939 being 165,062 spindles and 2,607 looms. In Pondicherry, the number of spindles and looms installed on 31st August 1939 was 87,824 and 1,946 as compared with 86,556 and 1,879 looms last year. Changes in the numbers of spindles and looms erected in other centres of the Industry were relatively insignificant.

PAID-UP CAPITAL

The total paid-up capital of the Industry on 31st August 1939 amounted to Rs. 42.81 lakhs as compared with Rs. 40,49 lakhs and Rs. 39,83 lakhs on 31st August 1938 and 1937 respectively, the increases being, Ahmedabad Rs. 30 lakhs, Bombay Presidency Rs. 4 lakhs, Central Provinces Rs. 1.5 lakhs, Central India Rs. 18 lakhs, Bengal Rs. 8 lakhs, the Punjab Rs. 4 lakhs, Delhi Rs. 114 lakhs, United Provinces Rs. 3 lakhs, Madras Rs. 55 lakhs and Mysore Rs. 6 lakhs. In Rajputana, Berar and Hyderabad the total paid-up capital stood at more or less the same figure as last year.

SPINDLE AND LOOM ACTIVITY

In the year ending 31st August 1939, the Industry consumed 1,905,367 candles of cotton which is approximately 174,000 candles more than last year. This figure includes the cotton consumed on night shift.

The average number of spindles working daily during the year was 8,986,000 out of a total of 10,059,000 erected. The corresponding figures last year were 8,902,000 working, out of a total of 10,020,000 erected. Of the 202,000 looms erected, an average of 183,000 were working daily during the year. This compares with the figure of 183,000 working daily in the previous year, out of a total of 200,000.

In the Bombay City and Island, 2,484,000 spindles and 61,000 looms on the average worked regularly during the year, out of the 2,851,000 spindles and 67,000 looms erected.

It must be remembered that the figures of spindle and loom activity, referred to above, do not include figures of mills working night shifts.

The number of operatives employed daily on the day shift was approximately 441,000 as compared with 438,000 in the previous year. Particulars of the numbers regularly employed on night shift work are not available.

MILLS IN COURSE OF ERECTION

On 31st August 1939, there were 67 mills under the category of mills which were "recently registered or in course of erection" of which 47 were in Bengal and 11 in the Madras Province. The dates of registration wherever available have been given against each. It will be seen from the Statement that the list includes concerns which were registered as far back as 1935 which have not obtained the capital necessary to enable them to start building, and from information available, it would appear that some of these concerns may not proceed further in view of the present heavy cost of machinery.

The particulars given above do not include the figures of one mill in Bengal and one mill in Madras, which did not furnish the requisite information.

RAILWAY TIME-TABLE

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

	H. M.	H. M.
Calcutta Mail (Chheoki)	9 40	20 10
Madras Mail	6 00	22 00
Peshawar Lucknow (Express.)	5 15	22 30
Calcutta Mail (Nagpur)	9 10	17 40
Madras Express	10 15	14 25
Poona Mail	10 30	17 30
Punjab Mail	12 36	17 20
Nagpur Express	13 0	20 55
Poona Past Pass	16 50	11 50
Poona Express	19 32	8 05
Allahabad Express	21 0	6 15
Deccan Queen (on Fridays only) ..		17 15
Deccan Queen (on Mondays only)	15 35	

(N.B.—Deccan Queen as regular week-end service is discontinued upto 30-4-1940, but it will be run only before and after important holidays.)

	6 40

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

	Arr. H. M.	Dep. H. M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5 35	13 50
Delhi Express	6 00	22 15
Gujarat Mail	7 28	22 00
Kathiawar Mail	5 45	21 30
Kathiawar Mail	6 45	21 30
Frontier Mail	8 15 (Mon).	21 15 (Sat.)
*The Flying Ranee Surat	9 45	5 ..
The Flying Ranee Surat	10 55	18 05
Ahmedabad Passenger	14 15	22 30
Kathiawr Express	13 45	8 45

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday. this train will run on Tuesday.

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER.

	Arr.
Frontier Mail (on Saturdays only for London)	6-40

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Nov. 20.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 88/8	
3 1/2 per cent G P Notes (Cash) 87-14	
3 per cent 1951/54 Loan 90	
3 per cent 1941 Bonds 100/10	
3 per cent 1963/65 Loan 83-8	
3 1/2 1947/50 Loan 97/10	
4 per cent 1943 Bonds 103	
4 per cent 1960/70 100-6	
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan 105	
5 per cent 1940-43 Loan 102	
TAXFREE LOANS	
5 per cent 1945/55 Loan 109-12	
4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore Loan 103/1	
5 per cent 1955 Mysore Loan 114	
CORPORATION DEBENTURES	
4 per cent B P T 1974 95-8	
4 per cent M Deb 1974 95	
6 per cent M Deb 1959 105	
6 per cent M Deb 1954 115/8	
6 per cent K P T 1956 115/8	
Tone:—Steady.	

BOMBAY COTTON

Frenzied Buying

Bombay, Nov 20

It appears that the local cotton market is mainly influenced by frenzied speculative buying from Calcutta operators where substantial rise in Jute prices from Rs. 60 to Rs. 116 is believed to have created a dangerous situation.

There is unbounded bullish enthusiasm and those who follow facts and figures are completely defeated. Extensive Straddle sales in the local market which drained millions from this country are now caught in an impossible situation. The sense of argument does allow covering while bullish enthusiasm is multiplying losses. On Saturday prices registered sharp rise but on Sunday night there was extensive and impressive buying which took Broach A/M cotton to Rs. 242. It appears that the market is heavily long expect straddle sales and as pointed out before prices have now nearing Rs. 250 level. It remains to be seen whether at this level the rise will be checked.

Resumption of double options is increasing speculation and is adding fuel to the fire. Option sellers are forced to carry large long interest against their sales of "Call" rights. Thus the market has become one-sided and this year our cotton crop being small and with weakness of sterling prices are advancing. It is true that there may be sharp relapses but as long as the war in Europe continnes, there appears no sound reason for any major decline except natural downward reactions.

American cotton can be repossessed around 10 cents only and this year the American Government has granted loans despite strong position. Thus there seems no undue cause for any collapse.

It is after several years the cotton market is again active with extensive speculative business and rapid fluctuations are recorded. As the level goes up naturally the range of fluctuations is also increasing.

The local market opened to-day at Rs. 239 for Broach A/M delivery and under scattered selling prices declined to Rs. 237. At this level there was extensive speculative buying. There was large call option on the basis of Rs. 275 and prices rose to Rs. 247. Thus prices again advanced Rs. 10 from day's low level when scattered realising appeared and prices reacted to Rs. 244/3. The market was strong and unsettled.

Liverpool market opened at a rise of 12 points and there was scattered realising and Broach A/M was quoted at Rs. 242/8. Later on there was increased selling and Broach A/M declined to Rs. 239. The market closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

F. G. M. G. Broach:—	
April/May	238 12 0
Fine M. G. Oomra:—	
Dec/January	221 4 0
March	221 8 0
F. G. M. G. Bengal:—	
Dec/January	181 8 0
March	182 12 0

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, Nov 20

On Saturday all London markets were closed and Dollar Sterling rate in New York was 3.89 7/8 at New York. There being sensational rise in cotton prices, there was increased buying in silver which opened at Rs. 62/2 and advanced to Rs. 62 13. At this level there was some profit-taking and prices sagged to Rs. 62/11 but the tone was very steady. Gold was fairly steady with a moderate business. Quotations were as under:—

	GOLD	SILVER
Ready ..... Rs.	41 12 9	62 10 0
Kartak delivery	41 13 0	62 11 0
Kartak Tejimandi	0 5 0	1 4 0
Magsar delivery	41 13 3	62 15 0
Magsar Tejimandi	0 12 0	3 0 0

remained stationary at 124,000 and 2,100 res-

Share Bazar Looks Up With Improved Demand

STEEL SHARES REACH NEW HIGH LEVELS

Cotton Mills Continue Upward March

Bombay, Nov 20

In sympathy with firmness of raw cotton market, there was active buying in cotton Mill shares which ruled firm. Tata Steel shares also looked up and the undertone of the market was very steady.

Fears of increased taxation are checking bullish activity to some extent but the market outlook remains constructive and it is expected that the profits made in commodity markets will ultimately be utilised in shares and a strong position will be created.

Outside speculation is gradually increasing and with prolongation of war naturally our industries will be able to show most satisfactory results.

The spectacular rise in commodity prices with rampant speculation has made the share market less attractive at the moment, but when commodity prices reach maximum levels, professional operators and outsiders will take more interest in share bazar. Thus with a fairly good prospective buying, there seems little likelihood for any important decline.

Wall Street is not evincing much interest in reports of new foreign orders but with favourable business news continuing and principal arguments against selling, prices mostly tilted slightly higher in very sluggish trading and the session closed steady. U. S. Steel shares improved 1/4 at 70 5/8. Anaconda Coppers gained 3/8 at 32 3/4 and General Motors closed 1/2 higher at 54 1/2.

With war mentality in other markets speculation is broadening and rapid fluctuations are registered. So far the share bazar has maintained stable state and certain amount of caution exercised, we have had orderly sessions but now the market cannot escape from the effects of firmness of other markets we believe short sales dangerous.

Already there are signs of active manipulation in Cotton Mill shares and particularly Kohinoor is backed up by powerful interests. Other shares are also receiving more interest.

Tata Steel Defds opened at Rs. 1895 and advanced to Rs. 1940 when realising appeared and prices after reacting to Rs. 1925 closed at Rs. 1932/8. Ordinary shares also firmed up to Rs. 387. Thus Steel shares once again reached new high levels. Cotton Mill shares were firm with increased activity. Bombay Dyeings were pushed up to Rs. 1020 and closed at Rs. 1017/8. Kohinoors closed at Rs. 379 and Nagpurs at Rs. 327. Thus textile shares registered further improvements with indications of higher prices.

TEXTILE SHARES

Bombay, Nov. 20.

100	Ahd. Advance	307 8
250	BOM. DYEING	1,020 0
100	CENTURY	333 0
100	CENTRAL INDIA	326 0
100	COLABA	183 0
250	David	40 8
100	Coorla	107 8
250	Dawn	310 0
1	E. D. Sassoon Def.	0 9 3
100	Finlay	148 0
100	GOKAK	205 0
1000	Hindustan	1,795 0
100	Indore	52 0
100	Khatau XD.	118 0
100	KOHINOOR	379 0
250	Laxmi	505 0
250	Madras United	25 0
100	MORARJI	153 0
250	Model	62 0
50	MYSORE	90 0
200	NEW GREAT	346 0
100	Osmanshahi	43 12
100	PHOENIX	270 0
25	Sassoon Silk	80 8
1000	Sholapur	3035 0
50	SIMPLEX	112 8
100	SWADESHI	312 0
100	SWAN	138 0
500	Vishnu	1,200 0
1000	Western	855 0
	BANKS	
50-100	Baroda	97 0
25-100	Central	32 0
500	Imperial	1427 8
125-500	Imp. Conty.	353 2
50-100	India	134 0
100	Reserve Bank	102 8
5	Union	5 8
	CEMENTS	
100	ASSOCIATED	135 0
	INSURANCE	
100	Empire	605 0
15-100	Jupiter	9 10
20	Mercantile	50 4
15-75	New India	34 6
200	Oriental	3875 0
15-50	Vulcan	6 13
	ELECTRIC	
100	Ahmed. Old	141 4
1000	ANDHRA VALLEY	1,445 0
10	Ajmer	10 8
50	BOMBAY TRAM	126 0
100	Bombay Suburban	165 0
10	Broach	10 14
100	Karachi	191 4
100	Poona	183 8
100	Surat	152 8
100	TATA HYDRO	151 8
1000	TATA FOWERS	1,260 0
	RAILWAYS	
500	Ahmedabad Prantij	975 0
100	C. Province	97 4
100	Dh. Baramati	93 0
100	Gujarat	97 8
100	Mandra Bhon	92 4
100	Pachora Jamner	73 0
100	Sara Serajganj	94 0
500	Tapti Valley	753 12
	MININGS	
	Burma Corp.	7 0
2sh.	Indian Copper	2 9
10	Indian Iron and Steel ..... XD	40 0
10	SHIVRAJPUR	50 0
30	TATA STEEL DEF.	1,932 8
75	TATA STEEL ORD.	388 0
	MISCELLANEOUS	
100	ALCOCK	550 0
10	Air Services	6 0
30	BELAPUR SUGAR	230 8
200	Bombay Safe Dep.	591 4
250	BOMBAY STEAM	300 0
125	B. BURMA	565 0
50	B. BURMA CONTY.	185 0
8sh.	Br. B. Petrol	5 9
50	BOMBAY TELEPHONE	81 8
100	IND. BLEACHING	119 0
50	Ind. Invest Trust	43 8
100	Ind. Rado Def.	400 0
100	I. Radio Ord.	405 0
100	Port Canning	72 12
30	PREMIER CON.	31 0
15	Scindia	25 0
25	Tata Oil Mill	48 4
100	Western I. Match	120 8
	PREFERENCE	
7	p.c. Andra Valley...	1,327 8
6	p.c. Bombay Steam	292 8
7	p.c. Bom. Tram (T.F.)	73 0
5	p.c. Central India (T.F.)	545 0
6

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON TEN POINTS UP

Broach Closes Steady At Rs. 240

PRESSURE IN GILT-EDGED SECURITIES

BOMBAY: NOV. 20.

FOLLOWING ENCOURAGING EASTERN CABLES AND THE STEADINESS OF LIVERPOOL, NEW YORK COTTON DISPLAYED BETTER ACTIVITY. PRICES ADVANCED ON INCREASED TRADE SUPPORT AND FOREIGN BUYING.

DURING THE NIGHT SESSION BROACH REACTED TO RS. 237/8 ON LIQUIDATION AND PROFIT-TAKING, BUT STEADIER NEW YORK CABLES RESTORED CONFIDENCE.

THE LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE WAS QUIETLY STEADY, BUT GILT-EDGED SECURITIES CAME UNDER PRESSURE. INDIAN STERLING LOAN WAS LOWER BY TEN SHILLINGS. LONDON SILVER PRICES WERE BETTER BY 1/8D.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

DECEMBER 1939
New York: November 20.

Previous closing	9.67
To-day's opening	9.73
Difference	+06
To-day's closing	9.77
Difference	+10

LIVERPOOL COTTON

JANUARY 1940.
Liverpool: November 20.

Previous closing	6.60
To-day's opening	6.72
Difference	+12
To-day's closing	6.75
Difference	+15

Broach April/May Expectation .... Rs. 240.

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

The New York cotton displayed more activity on improved trade and local support following the encouraging Eastern cables, while the steadiness of Liverpool also imparted further stimulus.

The trading in December began at 9.73, i.e., 6 points higher than the last closing. Prices advanced on higher Liverpool cables and trade and foreign buying, while later the renewed trade support and covering appeared with December improving to 9.77.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York: November 19.

Following were the opening ranges on New York Cotton Exchange:—

December (9.67/9.66) 9.76/9.73
March (9.46/9.46) 9.59/9.58
May (9.23/9.23) 9.35/9.35

BOMBAY COTTON

Late Trading

Bombay: November 20.

In the Bombay Cotton market Broach April/May opened at Rs. 239 and then went up to Rs. 241/8. Subsequently, the price receded to Rs. 237/8 on profit-taking and liquidation. With better New York advices the market improved and closed at Rs. 240.

LONDON COMMODITIES

METALS
London: November 20.

Tin (£230 quiet) £230 quoted.
Glasgow Iron (111 sh.) 111 sh

SEEDS

Castorseeds November December (£17 3/4 nominal) £17 3/4 nominal.
Linseeds Calcutta November December (£15 3/4 quoted) £16 3/4 quoted.
Linseed La Plata November (£15 quoted) £15 quoted.
Groundnuts Coromandal December (£14 quoted) £14 quoted.

RUBBER

Spot (11 paid and buyers) 11 1/8 paid and value.
Forward January March (11 1/16 value) 11 3/16 paid and value.

MADRAS SHARE MARKET

Madras: November 20.

Planting shares remained firm in the local market, where business was possible at higher levels. Sugar shares were firm. Both Travancore Sugars and Mysore Sugars spurting up to Rs. 11/4 and Rs. 39/4. E I D Sugars were also prominent. Among miscellaneous shares Engineering issues were steady and Paper and Chemicals came in for good enquiry. Cotton mills were firm. Exchange transactions: Buckingham and Carnatics Rs. 206 and 207, Cochin Malabars Rs. 5, 6/2, 6/4, Chembra Peaks Rs. 2/11, Ayer Manis Pref Rs. 77/6; Highlands Rs. 23/4, 23/8; Travancore Rubbers Rs. 4/14; Thirumbari Stock Rs. 1/7, 1/8; Mysore Sugars Rs. 39; Travancore Sugars Rs. 10/12, 10/14, 11, 11/2, 11/3 C D; East Tanjore Electrics Rs. 12 C D; E I D Sugars Ordy sh. 20/9, 21; Mysore Chemicals Rs. 9/10; Mysore Papers Rs. 12, 12/2, 12/4, 12/5, 12/6; Indian Steel Rollings Rs. 7/8, 7/10, 7/12, 7/14, 8/4.

KARACHI PRODUCE MARKET

TENDENCY FIRM
Karachi: November 20.

To-day's closing quotations:—	Rs.as.ps.
Cotton Sind January	23 10 6
Punjab January	19 3 9
Desi American January	25 15 9
Tone:—Steady.	
Wheat November	29 10 0
Wheat January	30 3 0
Wheat March	30 15 6
Wheat July	32 9 0
Tone:—Steady.	
Gram November	37 13 0
Gram January	37 6 0
Gram July	35 15 6
Toria November	47 5 3
Toria February	46 11 3
Toria March	47 11 0
Cottonseeds January	23 5 6
Cottonseeds March	24 0 9

New York Sugar

New York, Nov 18

January	1.73
March	1.85
May	1.85
July	1.90

Wheat Chicago

Chicago, Nov 18

December	dol. 0.88 1/8
May	dol. 0.85 3/4
July	dol. 0.83 1/4

EXCHANGES

CROSS RATES

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON
New York: November 20.

Previous closing	3.89 7/8
To-day's opening	3.91 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK
London: November 20.

Previous closing	4.03 to 4.04
To-day's opening	4.02 to 4.04
To-day's closing	4.02 to 4.04

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS
London: November 20.

Previous closing	176 to 177
To-day's opening	176 to 177
To-day's closing	176 to 177

LONDON EXCHANGES

London: November 20.

London Exchange opened with the sterling dollar at 4.02 to 4.04 which is officially fixed rate.

Franc was officially fixed at 176 to 177.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6) 1-6
Paris on Bombay (13.23 3/4) 13.23 3/4
New York on Bombay (30.36) 30.36
London on Milan (76.75) 76.75
London on Shanghai (0-5 3/8 buyers 0-5 5/8 sellers) 0-5 buyers, 0-5 1/2 sellers
London on Kobe (1-2 7/16 buyers, 1-2 17/32 sellers) 1-2 7/16 buyers, 1-2 17/32 sellers.

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 3/16 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 3/16 to 1 1/4 per cent.
4 months (1 1/4 to 1 5/16 per cent) 1 1/4 to 1 5/16 per cent
6 months (1 1/2 to 1 5/8 per cent) 1 1/2 to 1 5/8 per cent.

BOMBAY BULLION

Latest Night Quotations

Bombay: November 20.

SILVER

Silver ready	61 12 0
Silver Kartak	61 14 0
Silver Magsar	62 2 0

GOLD

Gold ready	41 14 6
Gold Kartak	41 14 6
Gold Magsar	14 14 6
Sovereign	26 12 0

WHEAT AND SEEDS

Latest Night Quotations

Bombay: November 20.

Wheat January	4 4 9
Wheat May	4 10 6
Linseed May	8 5 6
Groundnuts February	43 2 6
Castorseeds May	59 8 0
Cottonseeds January	26 6 0

Liverpool Cotton

London: November 20.

American January (6.65) 6.73
American March (6.60) 6.69
Giza January (7.87) 8.05
Giza March (7.99) 8.07

JUTES

Dundee December (£48) £47.
Lightning December (£43) £45.

BULLION

Influx (nil) nil
Withdrawal (nil) nil
Silver 23 1/2d.
Gold (£8-8-0) £8-8-0

LONDON SILVER CABLE

Bombay: November 20.

The following cable regarding London silver market was received here to-day:
India bought. Business small. Market steady.

LONDON SILVER
London: November 20.

Spot (23 3/8d) 23 1/2d+1/8
Forward (23 7/16d) 23 9/16d+1/8

LONDON GOLD
London: November 20.

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£8-8-0) £8-8-0

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Nov 20

Yarn No. 6 1/2s December 118 February 130 April 122
Yarn No. 10 1/2s December 139 February 142 April 145
Yarn No. 20 1/2s December 174 February 178, April 181.
Yarn No. 40s December 238 February 238 April 240

Cotton Teji Mundi

Bombay, Nov 20

Broach A/M	Rs. 44 0 0
Broach Monthly	Rs. 22 0 0

GROUNDNUTS AND SEEDS

Bombay, Nov 20

Castorseeds May—	
Opening	Rs. 59 8 0
Highest	61 12 0
Lowest	57 12 0
Closing	57 12 0
Groundnuts Feb—	
Opening	42 0 0
Highest	44 8 0
Lowest	42 0 0
Closing	43 0 0
Cottonseed Jan—	
Opening	26 0 0
Highest	26 15 6
Lowest	25 15 0
Closing	26 8 6

3½% STERLING LOAN

London: November 20.

3 1/2 per cent. Sterling Loan closed today at £81.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

INDIAN LOANS
London: November 20.

3 per cent Indian Stock (£92 1/4) £92 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£81 1/2) £81.
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950/55 (£103) £102 3/4
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£103 1/2) £103 1/2
4 per cent Indian Stock 1948/53 (£99) £99-1/4
5 per cent Indian Stock 1042/47 (£102) £103
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1954-59 (£93) £93 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS
5 per cent 1945-65 (£104 1/2) £104 1/2

BRITISH FUNDS
2 1/2 per cent Consols (£68 3/8) £68 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£93 1/8) £93 1/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£102 3/8) £102 5/8
4 per cent Funding Loan (£105 3/4) £105-3/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£92 5/8) £92 3/4
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds (£105 3/4) £105 7/8

INDUSTRIALS
Standard Motors (10-10 1/2) 10-9
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (51-6) 52-0
Hydro Electric (dol 3) dol 3
Elec Music Industry (7-3) 7-3
Princhin Johnson (20-10 1/2) 20-9
Imperial Chemical (30-4 1/2) 30-4 1/2
Woolsworth New Ordinary (63) 63-4 1/2
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1937 (£26) £25 1/2
Dunlop Rubber (27-3) 27
Unilever Ordinary (30-6) 30-9
Ford Motors (14-6) 14-5
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£50-1/2) £53
British American Tobacco Ordinary (95-0) 95-0
Carreas 'A' (£6 1/8) £6 1/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (118-9) 120-0
P and O Def (22-10 1/2) 23
Distillers (66-6) 66-9
Bradfords Dye (4-6) 4-6
British Celanese (6-10 1/2) 7-1 1/2
J and P Coates Ordinary (27-6) 27-6 ex-div.
Courtaulds Ordinary (30-3) 30-9
Fine Cotton Spinners (4-3) 4-3
Vickers Limited Ordinary (17-4 1/2) 17-3
Inter Nickels (dol 49) dol 48 3/4
Indian Iron (66-3) 66-10 1/2

TEA SHARES
Assam (17-6) 17-6
Dooars Tea (32-6) 32-6
Empire of India (23-9) 23-9

JUTES
Barnagore (£11 1/2) £11 1/2

RUBBER SHARES
Anglo-Dutch Rubber (27-7 1/2) 26-0
Gula Kelampong (20) 20-0
Rubber Plant Inv. Trust (32-6) 32-7 1/2

MINING SHARES
Nandydrug (32-6) 32-6
Burma Corporation (9-9) 10
Rio Tintos (£13 1/4) £13 1/4
East Rand Proprietors (46-3) 46-3
Rand Mines (£6 7/8) £6 7/8

MINE SHARES
Crown (£13 3/4) £14
Associated Portland Cement (66-3) 66-3
Trinidad Leaseholds (83-9) 82-6
Sub Nigel (£10) £10
Spring Mines Split Shares (24-4 1/2) 24-4 1/2
Union Corporation (£6 5/8) £6 5/8

OIL SHARES
Venezuela Persian (25-7 1/2) 25
Anglo-Persian (61-3) 61-3
Burma Oil (62-6) 62-6
Mexican Eagle (7-3) 7
Shell Transport (83-9) 82-6
Royal Dutch (£33 1/4) £33 5/8

RAILWAY SHARES
Great Western Ordinary (£27 1/4) £28 1/4
London Midland Ordinary (£10 1/4) £10-3/8
London North Eastern Def (£2 1/4) £2 1/4
London Southern Def. (£9 1/4) £9 3/8
London Transport 5 per cent (£110 1/2) £110 1/2
London Transport 'C' (£65) £65

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York: November 20.

The following are the opening quotations:—

General Motors (dol 54 1/2) dol 54 7/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (Unquoted) dol 32 7/8
U S Steel Common New Stock (dol 70 1/2) dol 71
U. S. Steel Preference (dol 117) Unquoted.

NEW YORK COTTON WEEKLY STATISTICS

New York: November 17.
(In 1,000's)

	Season to-date.	This Season week.	Last season 1938/39
Total in sight (excluding linters)	7,352	501	6,090
Forwarded to American mills including Canada and other America (excluding linters)	3,336	316	2,538
Exports from U. S. Ports	2,094	90	1,464
Of which to Japan	271	35	316
Of which to China	101	10	8
Of which to Great Britain	674	—	190
Of which to Germany	39	—	229
Stock at U. S. Ports	—	3,002	—
Stock at U. S. Interior Towns	—	3,547	—+
Forwarded to world's mills (excluding linters)	—	—	3,548
Receipts at U. S. Ports	3,453	211	2,498

LIVERPOOL COTTON WEEKLY STATICTICS
(In 1,000's)

Total forwarded	859	56	720
East Indian forwarded	84	5	134

SHIPPING NEWS

IMPORTS
Bombay: November 20.

19126 bundles wet dates; 2643 bags dry dates; 344 packages dry fruits; 143 bags S A kernals; 751 bales raw cotton; 122 bundles bacon; 363 packages kishmish; 57 bags iron blocks and pipe fittings; 111 pieces black iron pipe fittings; 1270 bags ginger raw; 39 cases coffee; 32 bags copra; 8207 tons coal; 1437 bags cocoanuts; 68 bundles coir fibre; 80 bundles coir yarn, 385 chests tea; 200 bags groundnut seeds; 64 nongs old rubber tyres; 116 bundles dry salted fish; 125 baskets eggs; 983 cases cashew kernals; 283 bags cardamoms; 1030 bags betelnuts.

EXPORTS
Bombay: November 20.

134 bags gum S Dharshi; 61 bales wool raw, H E Dossa; 25 cases bristles, Cox and Kings (Agents) Ltd; 2668 bags groundnut oil cakes Exp, A Oomerbhoy; 655 bags groundnut oil cakes Exp, F H Kassam; 9 casks wet cattle guts, Ad Meyer; 20 cases butter, The Carter Mfg. Co; 410 bags fleaseed outer shell, D Abraham and Sons; 231 bags fleaseeds, D Abraham and Sons; 60 bags henna leaves, D Abraham and Sons; 30 bags henna powder, D Abraham and Sons; 1950 bags groundnut oil cakes Exp, The Cotton Agents Ltd; 8 bales raw kid skins, Grindlay and Co., Ltd; 1601 bags mustardseed, Volkart Bros; 1000 bales raw cotton, K Devchand and Co, Ltd; 1832 bags myrabollams, J Hasmukhlal and Co; 280 bags sesame seeds, D Abraham and Sons; 14 bags gum, L Ratansey and Co; 1872 bags myrabollams, K Tricamji.

SUGAR MARKET

Bombay, Nov 20

Fine White Java sugar per cwt:—			
Ready (small grain)	Rs.	18	4 0
Ready (large grain)		18	5 0
Shipment November F B H		9	14 0
Shipment December F B H		10	0 0
Indian sugar ready		17	12 0
	to	18	4 0

Tone:—Quiet.

American Cotton Figures

F P Bales	1939-40	1938-39
Receipts to date 18-11-39	3475000	3512000
Receipts yesterday 18-11-39	22000	14000
Exports to date 18-11-39	2134000	1472000
Stock at Ports 17-11-39	3002000	3179000
Stock at Interior Towns 17-11-39	3347000	3514000
Stock at Liverpool 17-11-39	.....	1077000
Visible Supply 17-11-39		8077000
Quantity in sight 17-11-39	7252000	6090000
Quantity out of sight 17-11-39	.....	3648000

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, Nov 20

Bengal Fine 184-85 November +4 December +3 1/2
Punjab Fine 186-87 November +4 1/2 December +4
C P 1 239-41 November +17 December +14
C P 2 233-30 November +12 December +8
Berar 229-31 November +8 December +4
Khandesh 226-28
Jalna Sailu 227-28
Ahmednagar 227-28
Broach February +4 1/2
Punjab 4 F December +18/20
Punjab 289 F December +53/55
Sindh N T 280-83 December +41/42

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, Nov 20

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY
Since 1st Sept

In full-pressed bales 18-11-39	This year	Last year
Khandesh	2,515	462
Central India	37 6,740	30,632
Barsi and Nagar	505 15,335	5,001
Hyderabad		254
Berar	141 9,453	8,365
Central Provinces	11 2,086	10,559
Total Oomras	694 36,229	55,273
Dholera	4,559	29,467
N W Provinces	13,313	2
Rajputana	4,852	2,507
Sind Punjab	3,370 80,161	35,149
Broach	111	10,092
Coompta and Dharwar	11,342	8,161
Westerns Northerns	9,293	5,842
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	25	1,438
American	128	512
Egyptian, African and Sudan	511 86,181	96,475
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	200	
Total	4,575 246,397	244,914
Arrived by road to 16th November 1939	22,500	

Exports From Bombay

1st Sept to 16th Nov.

In full-pressed bales 18-11-39	This year	Last year
Europe	220 17,098	38,902
Japan and China	178,673	219,100
Coast Ports	6,390	9,577
Up-country by Rail	87,291	69,399
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan	18,446	16,831
Total	220 305,898	353,809

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Nov 18

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:
Dollars:—

Amr Power and Lt 5 per cent Pfd 47; Amr Water Works 6 per cent Pfd 92; Int Hydro-Elec 6 per cent 1944 Deb 74; Elec Bond and Share Common 9; Amr Tel and Tel 169 1/4; Western Union Telg 28; Sun Life of Canada 300; Int Tel and Tel 1952 46; New York Central R R 20; Amrex Corporation 16; Loews Inc 6 1/2 per cent Pfd 107; Gillette Safety Razor 5 per cent 48; Firestone Rubber 6 per cent Pfd 104; Schenley Distillers 5 1/2 per cent 75; Union Carbon and Carbide 87 1/2; National Biscuits 23; Nat Dairy 7 per cent Pfd Cum A 116; United States Steel 70 5/8; Alleghany Ludlum Steel 23; Int Nickel of Canada 39 7/8; Anaconda Copper Mining 32 3/4; General Motors 54 1/2; Packard Motors 4; General Electric 40 3/8; Lockheeds 32; Brooklyn Manhattan Transit 13; Texas Corporation 46; Socony 13; Consolidated Oil 7 7/8; Woolworth 40; St. Oil of N J 47; Chase National Bank 36; National City Bank of New York 20 1/2; N Y Chicago and St. Louis 6 per cent 39.

Turnover 280,000 shares.

General Rainfall In South Konkan

Poona: November 20.

Rainfall has been nearly general in Malabar, South Hyderabad, Madras Deccan, local in North Madras coast, Mysore, South Konkan, South Bombay Deccan. A few falls of rain also occurred in Southeast Bengal, East Central Provinces and Southeast Madras.

Principal amounts of rainfall are:—Cox's Bazar, Chitaldroog and Trivandrum three inches; Mangalore, Kurnool, Rentachintala two; Mercara one and a half; Honavar three-quarters; Port Blair, Jagdalpur, Belgaum, Hyderabad and Cocanada half.—A.P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 20-11-1939.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours plus .004 inches
Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 77.9 degrees
Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 71.0 degrees
Maximum temperature during 24 hours 90.3 degrees 1.4 (above normal)
Minimum temperature during 24 hours 72.2 degrees (above normal)
Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 69 per cent.
Direction of wind at 8 a.m. ESE
Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 6 miles per hour.
Total movement of wind in 24 hours 125 miles.
Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 22 miles per hour.
Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 2

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 20-11-1939.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 80.6 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.05 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.84 inches.

For correction of ship's instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

EARTHQUAKE REPORT

An earthquake shock of slight intensity at its origin about 800 miles away was recorded by the seismographs at the Colaba Observatory at 11h. 35 mts. (I.S.T.) on Sunday, the 19th November 1939.

NEW YORK COTTON

New Contracts

New York, Nov 18

December	9.67+03
January	9.73+05
March	9.68+04
May	9.45+05
July	9.15+04
October	8.50+09

Alexandria Cotton

Alexandria, Nov 18

Sakel November	15.74+34
Sakel January	15.44+25
Giza November	13.93+28
Giza January	14.09+20
Ashmouni December	12.57+16
Ashmouni February	12.82+19

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Nov 18

Broach A/M highest 235 1/2 lowest 227 closing at 5 p.m. 234 3/4
Oomra D/J highest 218 1/4 lowest 211 1/2 closing at 5 p.m. 217 3/4
Oomra March highest 218 1/4 lowest 211 1/4 closing at 5 p.m. 218
Bengal D/J highest 178 1/2 lowest 171 1/2 closing at 5 p.m. 177 3/4
Bengal March highest 179 1/2 lowest 173 closing at 5 p.m. 179 1/4
Night session: Broach A/M opened Rs. 235 1/2 highest Rs. 237 1/2 lowest Rs. 233 1/2 closed Rs. 234.

TATA HYDRO-ELECTRIC CONCERNS

Total Units Generated

Messrs. Tata Hydro-Electric Agencies Limited, Agents for The Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Co. Ltd., The Andhra Valley Power Supply Co. Ltd., and The Tata Power Company, Limited, report that the total electrical (Board of Trade) units generated at the three Power Stations (Khopoli, Bhivpuri and Bhira) of the Hydro Group were as follows:—

46th Week (ended November 18th)	
1937	13,689,900
1938	14,349,300
1939	11,970,300
Total for 46 Weeks (1st January to date)	
1937	576,874,600
1938	653,862,300
1939	610,947,700

Bombay Metals

Bombay, Nov 20

Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 57 0 0
Copper sheets	Rs. 78 8 0

Tone:—Firm.

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, Nov 20

	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M G Bengal U P	192	189	186	183
M G Punjab	192	189	186	183

PEPPER AND GINGER MARKET

Bombay, Nov 20

(The Pepper and Ginger Merchants' Association Ltd.).

Pepper ready Allepey per candy	Rs. 100 0 0
Pepper ready Calicut per candy	99 0 0
Pepper Maha Sud 15th per candy	103 0 0
Pepper ready Tampong in C. I. F. per cwt.	12 12 0
Ginger ready unbleached per cwt.	18 0 0
Ginger ready bleached per cwt.	19 0 0
Ginger Maha Sud 15th per cwt.	23 4 0

BANK'S CLEARING

Cheques delivered through the Bombay Bankers' Clearing House during the week ending 17-11-39 were as under:—

Number of cheques—22,457
Amount of cheques—Rs. 17,15,68,347-9-6

Produce Receipts

Bombay, Nov 20

Linseed	6,484 cwts.
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	103 cwts.
Gingellyseed	480 cwts.
Poppyseed	1,385 cwts.
Groundnuts	7,370 cwts.
Castorseeds	371 cwts.
Myrabollams	272 cwts.
Cottonseeds	1,414 cwts.
Indian Sugar	4,613 cwts.

OFFICIAL WAR PROPAGANDA

How Americans Take It

NEW YORK (By Mail).

A survey just made by the American Institute of Public Opinion discloses that in answer to the question "Do you have confidence in official news from Germany at the present time?" only 1 per cent. of a typical cross-section of the American public answered that they had complete confidence. Thirty-three per cent said they had "some confidence and 66 per cent. that they had none in such news.

Answering a similar question about official news from England and France, 8 per cent of those addressed said that they had complete confidence, 62 per cent. that they had some confidence, and 30 per cent that they had no confidence. Only 5 per cent of the public replied that they had no opinion on these questions.

Asked whether they believed the British statement that a German submarine sank the Athenia or the German denial of that statement, 60 per cent. said they believed that the Germans sank it. 9 per cent. that the Germans did not sink it, and 31 per cent replied that they had no opinion.

INFORMANT IN POSSESSION OF ILLICIT LIQUOR?

(From Our Correspondent)
THANA, November 19.

Balayya Pentayya, residing in Chendani "Koliwada, who was handed over by the Thana Prohibition Police before Mr. N. N. Rawal, Thana, Town Sub-Divisional Magistrate on Saturday last for the alleged offence of being in possession of illicit liquor, was convicted and sentenced to two months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 50 or in default one month's rigorous imprisonment.

As a result of the surprise raid effected by Messrs D. B. Rajderkar, Hasham and Roach, Prohibition Inspectors, the accused, who was a police informant but was suspected to be selling illicit liquor all the while, was found to be in possession of 4 bottles of illicit liquor concealed in a corner of his house. The accused it was learnt, was trading in illicit liquor while acting as the police informant and thus putting the Prohibition staff on the wrong scent.

ONE CRORE TO BE SPENT ON FAMINE RELIEF

Gondal Ruler's Gift To People

The Publicity Officer, Gondal State, writes:—

At a time when people and their cattle perish on account of food and fodder, the announcement made by His Highness the Maharaja of Gondal of a crore of rupees to be utilised for famine relief works comes as a great boon. Out of this one crore and 25 lakhs go towards the protection of cattle in the State of Gondal.

Special cattle camps have been opened at Gondal, Dhoraji, Upleta and Bhayavadar, in each of which 2,000 to 3,000 cattle are well fed and well cared-for. The management of these camps is entrusted to State officers assisted by the leading citizens of the locality.

By irrigation and by affording means to the peasants to increase the quantity of water in their wells ample provision has now been made to grow green fodder which is bought at reasonable rates from them by the State for free distribution.

As a result of all these measures, the number of cattle in the State has increased from 1,26,000 in September to 1,86,000 in October. This increase is partly due to the influx of cattle let loose by villagers in the neighbouring States.

RELIEF TO THE POOR

Besides affording protection to the cattle, the State has also made provision to relieve the distress of the poor people at an expense of 25 lakhs of rupees. Handsome scale of wages has been fixed for the labourers: 8 as. per day for an adult male, 6 as. for a woman, 4 annas for a boy or a girl above 14 years.

The members of the Famine Relief Committee have been particularly instructed to make frequent visits to all villages and to carefully study the condition of the villagers. They have to see that the labourers employed on relief works get their full wages, are fairly treated and in no way harassed by the authorities.

HELPING THE MIDDLE CLASS

Owing to rise in prices of commodities and lack of employment, the middle class people find it very hard to make both ends meet. To remove their distress a sum of 25 lakhs of rupees is to be used in relief works providing employment to these people. Public works such as the construction of a new high school building at Dhoraji, a girls' school at Upleta, a Gujarati school at Bhayavadar, construction of rest-houses, tar and cement roads within municipal limits and diversion of streams and rivers provide employment to thousands of masons, carpenters, blacksmiths, artisans and other workers.

PROTECTION TO AGRICULTURISTS

A special scheme has been devised to safeguard the interests of the peasants, 25 lakhs of rupees have been set apart to be spent after their welfare. Careful inquiries into the condition of farmers have been made by the authorities. Plans have been formulated to provide food for their children, fodder for their cattle, water for their wells and better implements.

AROUND THE COURTS

TURN IN BANDRA MURDER CASE

Padwal To Be Tried For Culpable Homicide?

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Bandra Police, it is understood have withdrawn the charges under Section 302 I. P. C. brought against Mr. R. M. Padwal in view of the Coroner's verdict in the Bandra Murder Case inquest.

It is now learnt that a charge under 304 I. P. C. (Culpable Homicide not amounting to murder) will be brought by the police who to-day applied to the Bandra Court to grant an extension of another week to finish the investigation.

The case will therefore, come up before the Bandra court on the 27th instant.

Woman On Grave Charge Released On Bail

The Vigilance Branch, C.I.D. raided a room in the B. D. D. Chawls, Worli on Saturday and arrested one Basawabal Ulgappa. It is alleged that the accused was in the habit of luring young girls from among the middle class family people for purposes of prostitution between 10 a.m. and 10 p.m. everyday and was sharing the earnings thereof.

The accused was ordered to be released on bail for a period of a fortnight at the Dadar Police Court, in a sum of Rs. 300.

ALLEGED PICKPOCKETING ON RACE COURSE

Arrested on a charge of pickpocketing at the Mahalaxmi Race Course on Saturday afternoon, Mulchand Chaganlal was placed before Mr. I. S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate, at Mazgaon Court, today, and was ordered to be released on bail.

It was stated that when the complainant was buying a ticket for the fifth Race, suddenly he felt his pocket being picked. Looking around the complainant saw the accused and immediately caught hold of him. The accused in the meanwhile had picked complainant's pocket and removed Rs. 400 cash in notes of Rs. 10 each.

INDIAN NATIONAL SERVICE

'ASPRO' INTRODUCES NEW PACK —within the reach of ALL!

WONDERFUL NEW SEALTITE PACK

As a result of popular demand from the public we have pleasure in announcing the introduction of a new 'ASPRO' pack. It consists of an envelope containing three of the same wonderful 'ASPRO' tablets for 1 anna. This will enable even the humblest person to get the great healing benefit of 'ASPRO'. "ASPRO' stops pain in a few minutes—it does not harm the heart or stomach. Packed in the new sealtite—moisture-proof—transparent coverings the tablet reaches the public untouched by human hand. This is the greatest contribution to universal medicinal service, within the reach of all. It ushers in a new age of Indian service.

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BOMBAY and SUBURBS

Local Engagements

To-day

Hindu: Kartik Sud 10, 1996.
Muslim: Shavaal 9, 1358.
Parsi: Khordad 17, 1309.
Hightide: 6-47; 20-20.
Lowtide: 0-27; 14-04.
Sunrise: 6h. 49m.
Sunset: 6h. 1m.
Corporation Special General meeting: 3-30 p.m. (B.T.)
Haj Committee meeting at 5 p.m., at Haj Committee Office.

B.E.S.T. OMNIBUS DRIVERS' AND CONDUCTORS' UNION

Joint meeting of the Executive Committees of the Best Omnibus Drivers' Union and the Best Omnibus Conductors' Union will be held to-day (Tuesday), at 10-30 p.m

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

The Hon. Kunwar Sir Jagdish Prasad lunched at Government House on Monday.

The Governor of Bombay attended a concert in aid of the Polish Refugees Fund at the Cowasji Jehangir Hall on Monday.

R. K. MISSION CHARITABLE DISPENSARY

The total number of patients treated during the last two months, September and October, in the Charitable Dispensary is 2,247.

V. M. CHARITABLE DISPENSARY

During the month of October 1939 the total number of patients treated in this dispensary was 751. Among them the number of new admissions was 237.

M. R. FREE DISPENSARY

The number of new patients treated at the Mahomedbhoy Rahimtulla Free Dispensary at Sandhurst Road for the week ending 11th Nov. 1939 was 385; of these 256 were males and 129 females.

SAFETY FIRST ASSOCIATION

Public lecture on "Propaganda" by Capt. H. N. Newey, M.B.E., at 6-15 p.m. to-day (Tuesday) in the conference hall, Electric House. Mr. S. Jepson, Editor of the "Illustrated Weekly of India" will preside.

SARASWATI COMMERCIAL INSTITUTE

The Fifth Annual Gathering and Prize Distribution of the Saraswati Commercial Institute will take place on Sunday, the 26th instant at 4-30 p.m. at R. M. Bhatt High School Hall (near Kamgar Maidan), Parel, Bombay. Dr. Mohey Deen, M.R.C.V.S., Principal Government Veterinary College, Bombay, has kindly consented to preside and Mrs. Mohey Deen will distribute the prizes and certificates.

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TELEPHONE 31045

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EXOTIC ROMANCE
"LADY OF THE TROPICS"

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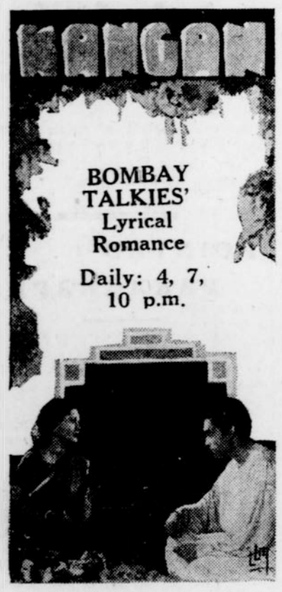

BOMBAY TALKIES'
Lyrical Romance
Daily: 4, 7, 10 p.m.

ROXY

Amusements Of The Day

CAPITOL—"Frontier Marshal". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Suzannah of the Mounties". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"The Wizard of Oz". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—Uday Shankar. To-day at 6-30 p.m. only.
NEW EMPIRE—"Juarez". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NOVELTY—"Mother India". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"On the River". Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Kangan". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"Pukar". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"As You Please". Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Admi". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"In Search of Happiness". Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
PLAZA—"Kapal Kundala". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p. m.
LAMINGTON—"Kahan Hai Manzil Teri". Daily at 4-30, 7 and 10 p.m.

CERCLE LITTERAIRE.

Mr. P. J. Bahadurji will deliver a lecture in French at the Cercle premises C9, Forbes Street, Fort, to-day (Tuesday), at 6-20 p. m. "In the Land of the Rising Sun."

GATHA SOCIETY.

A meeting of the Gatha Society will be held to-day (Tuesday), at 6 p.m. at the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute, 134-136, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, when Mr. Sorabji Nowroji Kanga, B.A., will give a further discourse in Gujarati on "a detailed examination of the Farvardin Yasht."

The lecture is open to the public.

B. E. S. T. CO., LTD.

L. H—MONTHLY EARNINGS

The following is a statement of the earnings of the Company for the month of October, 1939:—

Electric supply (exclusive of supply to Tramways) for October 1939 Rs. 7,12,645; up-to the end of October, 1939 Rs. 74,87,802.

Traction (Trams and Omnibuses) for October 1939 Rs. 6,86,693; up to the end of October, 1939 Rs. 67,67,769.

Decrease over same period last year Rs. 5,89,576.

PODAR SPORTS MEET

Under the auspices of the Labour Welfare Department of the Government of Bombay, the First Podar Sports Meet for Children, visiting the Rambilas Podar Labour Recreation Centre at DeLisle Road, will be held in the open maidan in front of the Recreation Centre, opposite Cement Chawl No. 12, to-morrow (Wednesday), from 4-30 p.m. to 6-30 p.m. Mr. Mathuradas Tricumji, the Leader of the Congress Party in the Bombay Municipal Corporation will preside.

DIVINE LIFE SADHANA.

Winter is the best period for rigorous practices of concentration, meditation and Yoga. A systematic course of different kinds of spiritual practices will be introduced for the spiritual aspirants during the Sadhan Week from 25th to 31st December 1939, at "Ananda Kutir", Rikhikesh. All spiritually-minded persons are requested to join the Programme of the Sadhan Week at Rikhikesh. If the intending members write before the 15th December 1939 to the Secretary, Divine Life Society, Rikhikesh, arrangements for boarding and lodging will be made. Detailed programme of Sadhan can be had on application.

"PUBLIC WELFARE LEAGUE"

A meeting of gentlemen belonging to different schools of thought was held at the residence of Mr. Shahzada Ayaz, on 16th inst., and after discussion it was decided to start a society under the name and style of 'Public Welfare League' with the following aims and objects:—

Unity amongst communities and social and health service.

The following office-bearers were elected:—

President: Hakim Abdul Aziz Sina (ex-President, District and City Congresss Committees, Sialkot), Bombay.

Vice-Presidents: Dr. Md. Sadiq, I.R.O. and V. (Munich, Germany), Leader Jamat-i-Khaksaran, Bombay; Mr. N. N. Sharma, Manager, Lakshmi Surgical Coy., Bombay 2.

Gen. Secretary: Shahzada Ayaz, Editor 'Manzil' Weekly, Bombay.

Secretary: Mr. Chaman Lal, Bombay.

Financial Secretary: Mr. N. A. Akhtar.

Names of the members of the Working Committee will be announced later on.

BOMBAY NATIONAL GUARDS

Mr. N. K. Upadhyaya, Special Organising Officer, Bombay National Guards writes:—

The Bombay National Guards is the only organisation in Bombay which has been built up after the Bombay Congress Session in 1934. It is not affiliated to any political body. Yet it is serving the Congress as well as other Nationalist Political Organisations impartially. It is a non-communal body, consisting of members of all the communities including the Muslims. It has been reputed for its impartiality and for its solemn duty. It has received a Silver Cup from the Bombay Literacy Campaign Committee for its excellent service during the Literacy Campaign. It gives the best possible training for young and old in drill, lathis, etc. Now the Special recruitment has begun from the 1st of November 1939. The application forms will be available at Dr. P. S. Nair, Kison Mahal, Tribhuvan Road, Girgaum, Bombay 4, or Mr. K. N. Gaitonde, Prohibition Officer, 'D' Division, Congress House, Girgaum, Bombay 4 or at the Parade Ground, Marine Line Maidan, on every Sunday in the morning between 7 and 8 a. m.

LONDON COMMERCIAL EXAMINATION

Lentin's College Results P. C. T. Examination

Messrs. Oke, Navarkar S. J., Miss Nancy Shellam and Mrs. U. G. Cooke.

Shorthand, Typewriting, Accountancy, Book-Keeping Etc.

Mrs. I. T. Smith and Kothawalla; Misses M. Maclean; Govekar; T. Kapadia; Amy Lobo; Zerin Mistry; P. Henricks; C. Rose; M. Thomas; P. Cooke; Nergesh G. Mahomed; C. Kaka; Sharda A. Mehta; Coomi H. Toot; N. P. Sethna; S. Rodrigues; and P. Andree; Messrs George Sundershnam; A. V. Jadhav; P. V. Erandye; R. H. Katrak; Irani; Hasanalli; M. N. Barve; T. R. Trilokekar; and J. C. Remedios.

Dr. J. V. Vora, who introduced in the Bombay Municipal Corporation last week the municipal budget as Chairman of the Standing Committee of the Corporation.

B. P. ADULT EDUCATION ASSOCIATION

The following classes begin to-day (Tuesday): (1) Ethics, French Literature and Hindustani (Devanagari-Senior) in the University, South Wing, at 6-30 p.m. (2) Russian in St. Xavier's College, at 6-30 p.m.

RAMAKRISHNA ASHRAM

His serene Holiness Sriman Swami Virajanandaji, President, Ramakrishna Math and Mission, Belur Math, Calcutta, will give a talk on his reminiscences of Swami Vivekanand, at the Ramakrishna Mission Library Hall, Khar, to-day (Tuesday), at 7-45 p.m. (S.T.)

MUNICIPAL WORKERS' UNION

A meeting of the Managing Committee of the Municipal Workers' Union will be held to-day (Tuesday) at the head office of the Union, at Foras Road, at 7 p.m. (S.T.)

SOUTH INDIAN ASSOCIATION

Under the auspices of the above Association Dr. T. S. Tirumurti, Principal of Stanley Medical College, Madras, will speak in Tamil on "Health" to-day (Tuesday), at 9 p.m. in the Asthik Samaj.

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE

The Industrial Schools of the Mahila Seva Mandal of the Social Service League, Bombay, will open to-day (Tuesday), after the Divali vacation.

RANGOON INFECTED WITH PLAGUE

The Public Relations Officer, Bombay, writes:—A notification of the Government of Burma says that the town and port of Rangoon are declared infected with plague.

B. E. S. T. WORKERS' UNIONS

An urgent meeting of the newly elected members of the Executive Committee of the Tramway Traffic Union will be held to-day (Tuesday), at 10 p.m. (S.T.) A joint meeting of the members of the Best Omnibus Drivers and Conductors' Unions will also be held the same night at 10-30 p.m. (S.T.)

BOMBAY LEAGUE OF RADICAL CONGRESSMEN

Under the auspices of the League, a public meeting will be held to-day (Tuesday), at 6 p.m. on Girgaum Chowpatty, when the League's view-point on the present political situation will be explained. Messrs G. P. Khare, a member of the A. I. C. C., Vamanrao Kulkarni, V. B. Karnik, Madan Shetty, R. Panday and others will address the meeting.

HINDU DEEN DAYA SANGH

The Hindu Deen Daya Sangh acknowledges receipt of the following donations received in October 1939:—

Seth Ramanlal Desai (in memory of Ishwarlal M. Desai. Interest only to be utilised for milk) Rs. 1000; A "friend" through Mr. Vinze Rs. 101; Messrs. Veramal Parashram Co. Rs. 101; Seth Nevendram Bajaj Rs. 76; Mrs. Jollyben Divetia Rs. 51; Shrimati Sarojben Yodh Rs. 51; Sheksaria Mill shop Rs. 51; Mr. Daulatram Mohandas Rs. 51; Shri Govardhan Sanstha (milk) Rs. 38-15-3; Mr. G. V. Vadekar (first instalment of Rs. 50 in memory of his father) Rs. 25; Mr. Mohanlal Sakhalchand Rs. 25; B. H. Charity Trust Rs. 25; A "Gentleman" through Mr. Vinze Rs. 16.

B. E. S. T. WORKERS' UNIONS MERGER

The Secretary of the B. E. S. T. Workers' Union writes:—

A decision to merge all the three existing Unions on the traffic section of the B. E. S. and T. Co., into a single powerful Union and strive unitedly for their just and reasonable demands was taken at the first annual meeting of the members of the Tramway Traffic Union, Bombay, held on Saturday last.

After the adoption of the annual report and Balance Sheet, the meeting elected the following office-bearers for the current year were unanimously elected: Sjt. Purshottam Tricumdas was re-elected as the President of the Union; while Sjts. H. B. Sonpal and N. T. Shroff were elected as its Vice-President and General Secretary respectively.

Messrs. M. R. Masani, Yusuf Meherally, Gulzarilal Nanda, ex-Parliamentary Secretary of the Bombay Congress Ministry; S. V. Desai, and S. R. Deshpande have been elected as the Hony. members of the Executive Committee

The tenth session of the All-Maharashtra Physical Culture Conference, Satara, will be held in the Darbar Hall, New Palace, Satara, under the presidentship of H. H. the Maharaja Pratapsinha Gaekwar. Senakhaskhel, Shamsher Bahadur, Maharaja of Baroda, at 8-30 a.m. on Sunday (3rd Dec. 1939).

Dr. T. S. Tirumurti, Principal of Stanley Medical College, Madras, who is conducting triennial inspection of Bombay Medical Colleges.

High Court

CRIMINAL SESSIONS OPEN

The fifth criminal sessions of the High Court commenced on Monday, Mr. Justice N. J. Wadia presiding.

There are 17 cases on the calendar, out of which 3 are of murder, 2 of attempt to murder, 2 of rape and 2 of administering a stupefying.

GOVT.'S APPEAL AGAINST ACQUITTAL

Alleged Misdirection To Jury.

The Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Sen at the High Court admitted the Government's appeal against the acquittal by the Additional Sessions Judge of Thana of Mimashi Salom Ramrajkar and two others on the charge of murder.

It was contended that the trial was vitiated on account of the judge's misdirection to the jury and also because only 5 persons were empanelled on the jury. It was pointed out that section 274 of the Criminal Procedure Code provides for a jury of uneven numbers not less than five or more than nine as the local government may direct.

The accused in the case were alleged to have murdered one Samaji at Varsoli near Alibag on October 11, 1938.

All-India Marwari Federation

The General Secretary of All-India Marwari Federation writes:

The 3rd All-India Marwari Federation is going to be celebrated at Cawnpore on 24, 25 and 26 December. The Reception Committee is functioning its work with great zeal and enthusiasm to make the federation a success. Ten Sub-Committees are formed to carry on the duties. Four Updeshaks are on the tour to organise and make the delegates for the coming session.

SHANKAR'S CHANGE OF PROGRAMME

More Dance Attractions At The Excelsior

To-day (Tuesday), Uday Shankar and the artistes of the Culture Centre will present a change of programme at the Excelsior, which will include another batch of six new dance numbers.

One of these is the "Bhasmasur" ballet in which Uday Shankar acts the role of the demon Bhasmasur who, through severe penance, propitiates God Shiva and obtains from him the power of reducing to ashes anyone over whom he holds his hand. The demon tests his new power on Shiva himself who flies in terror to Vishnu who adopts a clever ruse to destroy him. Disguised as Mohini, Vishnu dances to entice the demon who follows her movements and holds his hand over his own head, with the result that he is destroyed by his own weapon. In this ballet Simkie takes the part of Mohini, doing the "Dossi Attam," a dance form prevalent in Malabar, as taught by Guru Shankaran Namboodri of Travancore.

Among other fresh attractions to be presented for the first time to-day are the "Kumaon Grass Cutters" by Simkie, Zohra, Uzra and Amala, showing a group of peasant-women dancing in happiness; "Jyotsna" by Zohra, where a girl dances in the moonlight, listening to the melody of the flute; Rabindra's interpretation of Chitrasena, celestial dancer of the Court of Indra, paying his respects to the Gods; "Patra Lipi" a dance by Simkie and Zohra, depicting curiosity over a love letter, leading to misunderstanding and its amusing consequences, and the "Bhill" dance by Uday Shankar and other artistes.

Among the old favourites included in the programme are, the "Shiva Parvati Nrittya Dwandwa" ballet, Uday Shankar's "Gandharva" and "Snake Charmer" and Simkie's dance of Ramchandra festival.

Payment For City Fathers' Services?

Corporation Discussion On Deorukhkar's Resolution

Should the Municipal Councillors get payment for their services as city fathers?

This question was debated for more than an hour in the Municipal Corporation on Monday and postponed again till Thursday.

The question arose over the proposition of Mr. B. J. Deorukhkar, viz: That the Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee be requested to consider the desirability of amending the Municipal Act so as to entitle the elected members of the Corporation, except ex-officio members to receive a monthly allowance of Rs. 75 from Municipal funds.

Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta seconded the proposition.

"FUTILE."

Mr. E. R. Hirjibehdin opposed the proposition and characterised it as futile. There was nothing much done by the councillors, except "talk" and waste of public time and he thought the civic duty should be done voluntarily and free of charge.

Mr. D. V. Pradhan pointed out that the Chairman of the Schools Committee had a telephone at the expense of the Municipality. If they could give this facility to the Chairman of the Schools Committee, they should also extend the same courtesy to the other Councillors who were too poor to maintain a car and who could ill afford to pay even conveyance and give them allowance. He also said several councillors who represented the Municipal Corporation on the Railway Advisory Board received certain allowance. Mr. Mohanlal M. Desai opposed the resolution and exhorted the councillors to be prepared to serve the city free.

Mr. M. O. E. Patel moved an amendment to refer the matter to the Commissioner for report.

At this stage further debate was adjourned.

FUNDS FOR PRIMARY EDUCATION.

At an earlier stage the House passed the resolution of Mr. Mathradas Tricumji to record the report of the representatives appointed by the Corporation to meet in Conference the Hon'ble the Prime Minister for discussing with him the question of financial assistance from Government towards the expenditure on primary education in the city.

The Premier had assured the representatives in their interview that the Government would give something quite substantial for added expenditure that the Corporation would be incurring on primary education.

Mr. Mathradas expressed a hope that the Government would specify the amount they proposed to give to the Municipal Corporation as their contribution towards the free and compulsory primary education, and expedite the matter.

The resolution was carried.

The House then adjourned till Thursday.

Talk Of The Suburbs

(By A SUBURBAN MAN)

On Sunday night Bandra would have registered yet another disastrous tragedy. A trench about 8 feet deep dug in the middle of Land's End Road, leading to Bandra Pt. I am informed, was left during the night without danger lights or any other precautions and a taxi, which was passing by fell into it. It was badly damaged and it took three hours to lift it to the road.

13 HOURS' ADORATION

On Sunday the bulk of Catholic population of Bandra and its surroundings attended the annual 13 hours' Adoration at St. Peter's Church, Bandra. The Blessed Sacrament was open for adoration from early hours of the morning and was visited by Sodalities, Leagues and other religious bodies throughout the day.

In the evening a long procession wended its way through a decorated canopy of flags and buntings and illuminations of multi-colours.

Talking of this service reminds me of the completion of the new church which is nearing. Work is now proceeding very fast and the Blessing, I understand, will take place in the first week of December.

MOTHER OF FIVE WHO WAS ALWAYS TIRED

Now Awakes As Fresh As a Daisy

KRUSCHEN RESTORED HER LOST ENERGY

A mother of five has a lot to do. Especially a country mother. And this one was "always tired". But Kruschen ended all that—now she gets up, feeling fresh, at five o'clock in the morning! She writes:—

"I find Kruschen Salts the best thing money can buy for my health. I am the mother of five children, and before taking Kruschen, I was always feeling tired and run down. Now, I am glad to say that I get up feeling fresh—and I get up at five o'clock in the morning. I do my housework, see to my children, and leave home at 6-30 to start my work in the fields, which lasts till 5-30 at night. I am very grateful to Kruschen."—(Mrs.) B.

Tiredness and that run-down feeling can be traced to one root cause. That cause is internal sluggishness: failure to keep the inside free from poisonous waste matter.

Kruschen Salts is Nature's recipe for maintaining a condition of internal cleanliness. The six salts in Kruschen stimulate your internal organs to smooth, regular action. Your inside is thus kept clear of those impurities which, when allowed to accumulate, lower the whole tone of the system. New, refreshed blood is circulated to every fibre of your being, and tiredness is replaced with tingling energy.

Kruschen Salts is obtainable at all Chemists, Stores and Bazars

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1939

HINDU-MUSLIM UNITY

It is safe to assume from the proceedings of the Congress Working Committee and its leading members' press interviews that for some time to come there is to be no Civil Disobedience on a large scale, though, as the President points out, "our hands may yet be forced." For the present, he says, "we shall concentrate on the strengthening of the Congress organisation and in removing those weaknesses about which Mahatmaji has been writing so strongly and which are real difficulties on our side". We shall confine ourselves here to the question of Hindu-Muslim unity. While on this topic, one naturally turns to the prospects of the Jinnah-Nehru talks that are to be renewed shortly. It is to be hoped that the talks will not be delayed on account of subsidiary matters like the credentials of the leaders or the representative character of the institutions they represent. To the extent the two leaders agree, the Congress and the League will most surely agree. The President is understood to have already written to Pandit Jawaharlal to reopen the negotiations with Mr. Jinnah, and no further authorisation is necessary

Coalition Ministries

One of the most important topics that will have to be discussed in connection with the Hindu-Muslim problem is the feasibility of Congress-League coalition ministries even in provinces where the Congress has a large majority. Such Ministries were felt to be impossible thirty months ago when it was not clear what precisely would be the differences between the Congress and the League policies in actual practice. But the experience of these many months, particularly of the coalition ministries in Assam and the Frontier Provinces, has led many to believe that Congress-League Ministries are possible in all Congress provinces in certain circumstances. It is desirable in the present crisis for all concerned to explore all the possibilities of such coalitions. As an additional measure to satisfy minorities the Punjab Premier is understood to have suggested the formation in every province of Minority committees whose function would be to advise the Government on all questions affecting the minorities in the province concerned, the advice being by convention always accepted by the Government. This suggestion, too, deserves to be considered seriously. Meanwhile the Punjab Premier may straightway appoint such a Committee in his province if only to show that his scheme is quite workable.

Serve The Masses

It is said that Maulana Abul Kalam Azad has formulated a scheme of Hindu-Muslim unity laying less stress than heretofore on mas contact which, he thinks, has not shown sufficiently good results. Any scheme formulated by the Maulana will, of course, be seriously considered by the Congress. For "his is the decisive voice", as Gandhiji says, "on Hindu-Muslim questions." But so far as the mass contact method is concerned, it can have failed, where it has, only when it was more on paper than in action or where wrong tactics were followed. In several provinces many leaders of the Congress and the Congress organisation did not take the mass contact movement seriously and we have often pointed out before that the method is doomed to be worse than useless if it is so used as to divide a minority or to lead it into the Congress by misrepresentation of any kind. On the other hand, if the masses are served by Congress workers in a spirit of service, say, through an extensive programme of promoting cottage industries, rural uplift in general and the formation of Kisan Sabhas and Trade Unions, the masses are bound to be grateful and loyal to the Congress. Hereafter at least, irrespective of any negotiations between leaders, the Congress should more earnestly pursue its constructive programme in areas mostly populated by Muslims and in the villages, always in a spirit of service of all poor and backward people regardless of communal differences. Indeed, such a programme will continue to be necessary for a body which claims to represent the whole country even after a communal settlement is arrived at.

Historic Decision

From the reports of its achievements the meeting of the Allied Supreme Council on Friday would appear to have really been historic. According to Reuter there is to be complete co-ordination of air strengths and a unified Air Command is to be formed under a British officer, "with a status similar to that of General Gamelin over the allied forces in the field." The position is rather confusing in this connection. For, so far as France is concerned she has placed General Gamelin is supreme command of all her military forces including Aereal. Is the French Air Force to be taken out of General Gamelin's control? Be that as it may, this projected co-ordination is a grim answer to Herr Hitler's threats. It represents allied consciousness of the danger from the Nazi Air Force and, what is more, a grim determinaion not merely to defend but also to give the Naziz blow for blow. It is a hint to Herr Hitler that the Allies mean business. We do not know how he will react to it, but it should make him pause and think.

By far the more important decision, however, relates to the economic sphere. To ensure common action "in air, munitions, raw-materials, oil, food, shipping and economic warfare," it has been agreed that France and Britain "will arrange import programmes jointly to avoid competition". The operation of the agreement will, of course, be dominated by Britain. But there can be no manner of doubt that it will contribute considerably to the successful prosecution of the war. Its possibilities are tremendous, as effective in their importance, as the revision of American Neutrality. A joint organisation as that decided upon on Friday means so much saving in time, money and national energy as to be equivalent to the entry into the war of another ally. And the claim is by no means exaggerated that the Supreme Council has practically shortened the duration of the war.

Another Innings' Victory

Commendable bowling by their speed-merchant, Nissar, enabled the Muslims to register an innings' victory over the "Rest" in the semi-final round of the Bombay Pentangular Tournament, after the "babes" of the Tournament had definitely looked like making the champions bat a second time. Considering the enormous difference, on paper, in the relative strengths of the contesting sides the Muslims were confidently expected to emulate the Hindus' great victory over the Europeans in the opening match of the Tournament. But Richards, Harris, Hazare and the Allahabad new-comer, Alexander, rose to the occasion and prevented the match from developing into a farce.

Hazare and Richards stood up pluckily to the powerful Muslim attack, represented by a galaxy of bowling names—Mohamed Nissar, Nazir Ali, Jehangir Khan, Saeed Ahmed and Amir Elahi—and between them scored 150 runs, more than half of their side's total, for the match. Hazare's courageous 57 not out in the "Rest's" second venture was a splendid effort, which literally saved his side from a complete rout. Wazir Ali's leadership was beyond reproach. The Muslim skipper handled his bowlers in a masterly manner, his policy of quick bowling changes being highly successful. Wazir Ali's placing of the field was particularly excellent. To dismiss a side which includes such dependable rungetters as Mushtaque Ali, Kadri, Wazir Ali, Nazir Ali, Jehangir Khan, Dilawar Hussein, Abbas Khan and Saeed Ahmed for less than 300 runs is no mean achievement the credit for which is jointly shared by Harris and Alexander, who between them accounted for 7 batsmen for just 75 runs.

By their convincing victory on Monday, the Muslims entered the Pentangular final for the third successive year, which is, indeed, a performance to emulate, but they will have to give an improved display, particularly in the batting department, if they hope to bring off a treble in the final next Saturday when, as is safe to predict, they will meet the Hindus, strong challengers, for the championship.

Nothing Will Be The Same Again

By VICTOR CALENCU

A new world has come into being overnight. Nothing will be the same again. The unstable balance of south-eastern Europe is overset. These small States, of which Hitler himself said that none of their rulers dared leave them for a fortnight for fear they might never return to them again, are shaking like reeds in a high wind. And King Carol, and Tsar Boris, and Prince Paul....?

★

Everywhere in northern Rumania Polish refugees and soldiers are camped in the fields, sheltering with the cattle, perhaps huddling before a kindly peasant's fire. Rumanian troops watch them, shepherd and round them up, only to lose them again. A strange, bizarre sight they are: almost all representatives of the Regime, middle-class folk, officials. officers. There are few peasants and no artisans among them; the rank-and-file soldiers are straining every nerve to get back across the frontier to the Russian area and share with their relations the carving-up of the great estates.

I spoke in Botosani with the intelligent daughter of an officer of cavalry. Her father was a haunted, nail-biting, nervous wreck, prostrated by the collapse of all he had felt eternal. "Our lovely cavalry suffered more than any other arm, she said. "At the crossing of the Narev at Ostroleka a brigade attacked one of the German armoured columns to mask the real line of retreat of the Army of Grodno. Only 80 men came out of the inferno of fire that the tanks swept around those 1,500 men."

West of Cernauti late on a windy night, through the gusts of rain I came on three peasant infantrymen huddling under a stone bridge to escape my lights. They thought my car might contain Rumanian frontier guards. They were starving, exhausted, unshaven and blue with cold. Their arms had been taken when they retreated with their battalian across the frontier five days earlier. When I swore not to say a word of their presence and had given them bread and hot coffee from my thermos flask, they talked.

One came from Slonim, the other two from south of the Pripet Marshes, somewhere near Olyka. Said one tall, high-cheeked man, "They say the Reds are giving the landlords' wealth to the people. Prince Radziwill had 300,000 acres just beyond the river. His lands lay as far as you could travel in four days. There were 200 landless men in my village, and more in the next. My father has one acre and rents another. You see why I must get back."

The others nodded grimly. The man from Slonim said, "I have a brother in Warsaw. He worked in a factory. I know it was the workers' militia that took over the city and held it so long. They hate the Germans. As for me, I am a peasant and do not like towns. But I love land. If the Reds are dividing up the estates I am their man. I will fight anyone who takes it from me again once I have it." He spat. His flat Slav face, so different from our keen Latin features in Rumania, was set in a dogged look. I left them climbing the ravine heading for the frontier.

★

In western Poland guerilla war is raging against the Germans. In the eastern lands Polish officers and landlords, bankers and officials and merchants, are hiding in the forests and marshes from the fierce bands of Ukrainian and White-Russian peasants who hunt them day and night. In places the Red Army is said to have had to take firm measure to repress atrocities. But nowhere have I heard of the Russians trying to stop the peasants from taking vengeance. It is a modern Jacquerie, "the twilight of feudalism."

What the flat-faced infantryman said was true. The socialist militia came out from its secret arms-depots and took command of Warsaw in the last days. Making common cause with Stefan Starszynski the Mayor, it was they and their women who hurled back the German tank attacks with flaming petrol bottles. What the high-cheeked man from the marshes said was also true. I have seen a copy of the Moscow "Pravda" describing how a peasant led the Red Army column up the great park to Prince Radziwill's castle, filled with riches, and books, and fine pictures. "All this is now the people's," said the young Commander of Tanks to the gaping, wrinkled farm-workers.

These things cannot happen on the edge of the Balkans without shaking the very earth. All the Slav peoples hum with the secret muttering. High-placed people go about with troubled eyes, and the police everywhere are jumpy. Carol and Boris and Paul are cursing Hitler for having loosed this thing among the peasant peoples. Nothing will be the same again.

THE SECRET FRONT

(By OSMAN MUHAMMED SALIM)

While the eyes of the world public are turned on the Western Front between Rhine and Meuse, another front has been formed stretching across a large part of the world. It is a front where no armies are battling, though columns of armed men and fighting cars throw up the dust on a hundred high-days, and the chill of autumn nights drops dew on sentries watching lonely frontiers in the earth's wildest lands.

This secret front sees to-day a bitter war of diplomacy and espionage, where battles are won and lost in the councils of presidents and the courts of kings, and deaths occur with a strangled grunt in back streets, not on the barbed wire of fortified positions. And the objectives of this war lie—yes, it is the strangest of wars—thousands of feet below the earth's barren surface. For it is the War for Oil.

Geological parties from the Axis

(Continued on Page 9 Col. 5)

The War Goes On!

Is India In Danger?

Unified Control Over Allied Air Force

(By Our Special Correspondent)

Between Anglo-Indian newspapers keen on 'blackballing' the Congress ministries for resigning and gas mask stockists anxious to sell their wares, we are practically assured that an attack upon India—from sea and air—is imminent!

Before surrendering to panic, however, let us examine the facts.

An armed German raider has appeared in the Indian Ocean and there is a tendency to believe that "Indian Ocean" means the territorial waters of India! A look at the map would reveal that the Indian Ocean extends over thousands of miles. Lourenco Marques in South Africa where the raider was last reported to be is almost four thousand miles from India.

Perfidious Nazis

Moreover, it is most unlikely that German cruisers would be ordered to attack Indian ports as that would only help to harden Indian sentiment against Germany—which clearly Hitler wishes to avoid at all costs. The Berlin broadcasts are daily trying to present the rulers of Germany as friends of India. It is in keeping with their tradition of perfidy and hypocrisy that the Nazis who were only a few weeks ago slandering Mahatma Gandhi and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru as "agents of world Jewry" are now praising them for their stand on the war issue. (They are sadly mistaken, of course, if they imagine that either by vilification or flattery they can shake nationalist India's firm anti-Nazi position).

No Panic!

While reasonable Air Raid Precautions have to be taken in all Indian ports and the public, in their own interests, ought to co-operate with the authorities in such work, there is definitely no ground for a panic or even apprehension of an attack upon India.

Reports from the 'Western Front' continue to indicate a stalemate which may possibly even last through the winter that has now set in. The threat of infringement of Dutch territory has, at least for the moment, been lifted, though attacks on neutral shipping continue with menacing regularity. It appears that Hitler wants to frighten them into cutting off supplies to Britain.

Air-Duels

Military activity is thus restricted to naval and air action. Several air duels have taken place between British navy and German aircraft. German bombers attempting raids on the north-east coast of Scotland and the Essex coast of England were repelled by anti-aircraft fire and no bombs were dropped.

The most significant news of the last week seems to be that complete co-ordination of the French and British air forces is practically accomplished. Just as General Gamelin has been given complete command of the land forces, a British officer may be in charge of the Allied air forces.

Unified Control

Co-ordination is also being tried in the economic fields, arrangements being in progress for common purchases of vital commodities in the foreign market. This would eliminate mutual competition and out-bidding—which naturally would not be so welcome to the seller nations. The new scheme would extend to "munitions and raw materials, oil, food, shipping, etc." Such a unified economic and military control would no doubt greatly strengthen the power of the Allies.

Frankly Speaking

Von Papen Is Worried

Well may Herr von Papen feel worried by British and French commercial activities in Turkey, which are designed to cut Germany out completely. Nazi Germany must regard the situation as serious indeed to have agreed to deliver the Turkish orders placed before the war for railway material and machinery. But we do not think that even this sacrifice by Nazis will bring them any appreciable economic success. There was never any love lost between Kemalist Turkey and Hitlerite Germany. Indeed it was in Turkey where Dr. Schacht's economic drive through the Balkans was sharply called to a halt. Since then the situation has been worsening and now the Ankara treaty has made the position of Germany hopeless. But Germany has not lost Turkey alone. She is losing the rest of the Balkans too, including Bulgaria.

Indian Seamen's Offer

The Council of the Indian Seamen's Union, which met at Calcutta the other day, has passed an important resolution in connection with the discontent among seamen. It is not an ultimatum. On the contrary it offers a fair chance to the authorities concerned to do justice to the interests of these men. But their minimum demands which amount to no more than reversion to the old system of "open musters" and 50 per cent increment must be accepted if trouble is to be avoided. But if these demands are rejected shipping companies will be guilty of desiring to exploit the lives, limbs and interests of Indian seamen.

Mahasabha's Conditions

The Working Committee of the Hindu Mahasabha has declared that India's support to Britain in the war is not to be regarded as a matter of course or as a moral obligation regardless of the circumstances of the war. The Mahasabha laid down two main conditions of "willing co-operation". First, it refuses to regard Dominion Status as the ultimate goal of India. It regards that status only as "an immediate step to be taken towards the final goal of absolute political independence" and it urges that a constitution based upon that status should be conceded to India at the end of the war. Secondly, the Mahasabha insists that the consultative Committee that the Viceroy contemplates should be in the nature of a "responsible Council of Ministers" "entrusted without reservation with matters concerning India's Defence". We do not expect Britain to accept such demands willingly. But she will have to accept them if those bodies who advance them make common cause.

Representation To All

The Mahasabha has also warned the British Government that any settlement that may be made by them with the Congress and the League will not be necessarily binding on itself and the Hindus it claims to represent. But whoever takes the lead or the initiative in bringing about a settlement, it will be based on the principles of democracy, independence and self-determination, which are accepted by the Mahasabha. More2over the settlement will be ratified by a Constituent Assembly, in which all communities and all political bodies will be duly represented to the extent of their numerical strength and influence. No important community or political body need fear being unrepresented or under-represented in the Constituent Assembly.

Kamala Memorial Hospital

The Kamala Nehru Memorial Hospital, Allahabad, the cornerstone of which was laid by Gandhiji on Sunday, belongs, as emphasised by himself, not to the U. P. alone but also to the whole of India. Kamala Nehru dedicated her life to the service of the whole country. And the countributions for it have come from all parts of the country, even from Burma and Ceylon. A general hospital would not have been too big a memorial to Kamala; but realising the difficulties of collecting funds in these days for the numerous public causes which need them, the organisers of the memorial planned only a maternity hospital to begin with and asked for a modest sum of Rs. 5,00,000 from the public of India. It is now over three years since the appeal was made but, as Gandhiji remarks, it is a matter of shame that only half the amount has been collected so far. The organisers of the scheme should be more active as otherwise the public are likely to feel that the required amount has been or can easily be collected without any special sacrifice on their part.

TÊTE-A-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT

"Nothing is perfect in this world. Everyone, however well-meaning, has his faults, but every fair and just observer will admit that the British are the finest rulers of modern times."

—His Highness the Nawab of Rampur (U.P.) addressing his birthday darbar.

* * * *

Anglo-India regrets "that the presence of an enemy raider in the Indian Ocean finds the popular Governments of Bombay and Madras absent from their posts."

Messrs. Kher and C. R. help!

* * * *

Gandhiji says that the Congress Working Committee will decide what further steps the Congress should take.

We beg to disagree slightly. The Working Committee has the right to propose but the sole authoritative authority to dispose is not its.

* * * *

We learn from a Calcutta Press report that Mr. Abdul Matin Chowdhury, member of the A. I. Muslim League, IS after all to be included in the new Assam Cabinet.

We are relieved. We were profoundly worried.

* * * *

On the Working Committee Front it was all reconnaissance activity on Sunday.

Gandhiji explained: Rajen Babu explained: Jawaharlal explained —the parleys with the Viceroy, the talks with Jinnah.

—A Local Contemporary.

We simply could not read further. It was so thrilling.

* * * *

All the Professors and students of the Medical and Law sections of the Prague Polytechnic Institute and many from other colleges have been arrested by Nazis and despatched to concentration camps.

But, as you remind us so tactlessly, we asked the question yesterday.

* * * *

Holland has decided not to take any action regarding the sinking of the "Simon Bolivar" by German mines.

The Dutch are wise. It is better to lose a craft than a country.

* * * *

London announces that, as a war measure, there will be no Honours List on January 1.

Who says that war is not a mixture of good and bad?

* * * *

Anglo-India indulges the pleasant anticipation that *this* year" Count Ciano "will send no Christmas card to Ribbentrop."

Nor will Mr. Neville Chamberlain.

* * * *

Mr. Anthony Eden is "confident that we are winning the war comfortably."

Almost in luxurious ease, in fact.

* * * *

Holland and Belgium, it is announced, are to consult again on the possibility of further peace move.

Which means that the danger of the other probability has arisen again.

* * * *

Husband. "I wonder why it is we can't save anything!"

Wife: "It's the neighbours, dear, they're always doing something we can't afford".

* * * *

We've knocked a man down, aren't you going to stop?"

"Oh, that's all right. We'll read all about it in papers."

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

One good turn always leads us to hope for a few more revolutions.

* * *

If a woman's complexion pleases her the rest doesn't matter so much.

* * *

Contentment has one advantage over wealth; people don't try to borrow it from you.

* * *

A clever girl is one who knows what you do mean when you say things you don't mean.

* * *

A man is sometimes compelled to put up with those he does not love—pawnbrokers, for instance.

Congress Won't Stage "Cock Fight" Again

Challenge To Britain's Moral Justification For War

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 20.

A huge meeting was held tonight to hear Congress leaders. Mr. Purshottamdas Tandon presided.

Dr. Rajendra Prasad in the course of an impressive speech said that, although the Dominions were left free to decide the issue of participation in the war, no such freedom was given to India. Undoubtedly Herr Hitler's methods were very wrong and we disapproved his excesses." But principles of democracy could not be confined to Europe alone. They should be applied to all countries.

The Congress President declared that obviously whether the intention of the British Government was that people of India should carry on another "cock fight" so that the people of the world might enjoy the fun. The Congress had definitely told them that the people of India were not going to stage the "cock fight" any more.

BRITAIN FAILS IN TEST

Dr. Rajendra Prasad ridiculed the claim of the British Government to intervene in the domestic differences of India. Let Britain declare that it would accept the Constitution framed by mutual agreement among Indians. It was the business of Indians to settle their quarrels and if Government were sincere in their professions, they should accept the Constitution agreed to by Indians.

Proceeding the Congress President said that the Congress had shown that the British Government had no "moral justification" for the war. So long as the Congress demand was not accepted moral justification for the war could not be proved. Uptill now the British Government had not succeeded in passing the test laid down by the Congress.

SARDAR PATEL'S SPEECH

Sardar Patel who spoke next delivered the most interesting speech of the evening. The Sardar said that before the Working Committee could give any assurance of co-operation with the British Government they had to see what the people would think of it. The Working Committee members by themselves were not very strong. Some suffered from asthma, others from heart weakness. But other people who were strong and who could go to the war would certainly demand an answer to the question as to what India would get if they went to the war. The Congress had no satisfactory reply to give them.

Continuing Sardar Patel said that there could be no peace in this world so long as it was the sword which was the final arbiter. The sword must go and the Gandhian method of non-violence should replace it. We have shown that the Congress can do constructive work also. We called out the ministries when we found they could not advance the cause of India's freedom."

The Sardar compared the India Act to a cup of milk mixed with poison. When the proportion of poison was dangerously increased they left the offices.

NOT IN HURRY

Speaking about the next step Sardar Patel said that they were not in a hurry. Even Britain and Germany were not in a hurry to fight on the Western Front, although they were losing crores of rupees daily in maintaining a huge army. Mahatma Gandhi, said Sardar Patel, was a unique commander. "We must follow him." Even in England it was realized that if Gandhiji went to jail the question would arise why the war was being fought. Sardar Patel said let Britain accept the offer of Herr Hitler who has said that if freedom was given to India he would bow to Britain. The Sardar deprecated violence.

WHERE BRITAIN WAS MISTAKEN

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, who made his first public appearance after his fall on Allahabad railway station and who is still unwell, stressed on the point that recent events had shown that the Congress still retained its revolutionary character and had not lost its purpose in parliamentary work as some people feared. Probably the British Government did not believe that the Congress Governments would resign There they were mistaken.

Maulana Azad said that they could not resist the flow of events. If they clearly understood the events of the past they could have no difficulty in realising what the future step of the Congress would be.

Mr. Purushottamdas Tandon made a speech opening the proceedings of the meeting and also at the end. He assured the Congress Command that Allahabad was prepared for the struggle.

Earlier Mr. Tandon refuted the charge made by some Anglo-Indian papers to the effect that the Congress action amounted to helping Germany. "If Britain came with clean hands for Congress help we would certainly support Britain. But we cannot support its imperialist policy".

Mr. Tandon said the Congress had kicked the Minstries to gain higher objects and nobody need worry about the loss of Congress Ministries.

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BOMBS DROPPED, BUT NO CASUALTIES

Br. Naval Authorities Deny Enemy Claims

BOMBAY, Nov. 20.

The Naval Authorities have issued the following 'communique' to-day:—

Enemy claims during air raid over Shetlands entirely untrue: bombs dropped, No casualties.

Shipping: Of over 3,000 vessels escorted in convoy since war started only 3 have been lost. During recent 4 weeks 1|3rd of tonnage sunk by "U-Boats" was neutral. Normal entrances and clearances in British ports still maintained average of about 1,500 per week.

Since the beginning of the war 7 German steamers have scuttled themselves, 16 prizes have been taken. 277 are still skulking in neutral ports outside Scandinavia and Baltic.

British commerce on an average day is protected by at least 70 escort vessels. More than 130 vessels are employed in minesweeping and over 100 anti-submarine vessels are operating.

No air attacks on British shipping have been successful.—United Press.

Ex-Kaiser's Narrow Escape

DOORN, Nov. 20.

It is revealed the ex-Kaiser narrowly escaped death.

While walking in his park on Sunday morning, three giant trees uprooted in a storm and crashed eighty feet from him.—Reuter

Law College Principal Dead

LONDON, Nov. 20.

Death has occurred of James Arthur Davies, former Principal of the Law College, Madras.—Reuter.

CONGRESS CABINET MEETING

(Continued from page 1.)

The Committee meets again tomorrow morning.—A.P.

JAMIAT DELEGATION MEETS LEADERS

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 20.

Maulana Kifayatullah, President of the Jamiat-ul-Ulema, and other members of the delegation, interviewed the Working Committee and, it is understood, placed their viewpoints regarding the present political situation and the position of nationalist Muslims. A further interview is likely.—United Press.

THEY MUST HAVE SAY IN MATTER

Ulema And Unity Talks With League

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 20.

The Working Committee in the afternoon considered the views of Jamiat-ul-Ulema leaders 'vis-a-vis' the Congress negotiations with Mr. Jinnah for communal unity and the Jamiat's attitude towards the war.

The Jamiat leaders are somewhat reticent regarding their attitude, but it appears, that the Jamiat-ul-Ulema are apparently keen on having a say in any agreement arrived at with Mr. Jinnah. They evidently do not like the Muslim League to be recognised as the sole representative of Muslims, although they are keen on seeing communal settlement without delay.

DR. ROY AND BENGAL DISPUTE

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 20.

Dr. B. C. Roy cracked a joke over the Bengal disputes when questioned what had happened to them. "They are still preparing for wrestling, or better still, as you know, musical strings are being tested and tried before the orchestra starts off".

Questioned whether the committee had discussed the question of future Congress action. Dr. Roy said: "Yes. We discussed everything from Kanchinchanga to Cape Comorin".

M. N. Roy On Mahatma's Reply To His Letter

DEHRA DUN, Nov. 20.

Interviewed regarding Gandhiji's reply to his letter Mr. M. N. Roy said:—

"The publication of my letter will show that Gandhiji has treated serious matters superficially with impatience. His reply conveys the impression that I wrote only to criticise the resignation of the Congress Ministries. My contention was that the resignation was useless, and even harmful, unless as a prelude to mass resistance. Since the present Congress policy does not contemplate mass resistance, the resignation is an empty gesture which will have no effect.

"Gandhiji bears out my contention by repeating that there will be no mass resistance."—United Press.

ALLEGED BREACH OF PROHIBITION RULES

M. L. A. In Court

A charge of breach of prohibition rules was made against a member of the Bombay Legislative Assembly and five others, including two dancing girls, who were placed before Mr. T. T. Barodawalla, at the Girgaum Police Court, Bombay, yesterday.

The police stated that they were arrested during a raid by the Prohibition Police on a dancing girl's room at Vithalbhai Patel Road on Saturday night. They were later allowed bail.

Applying for the extension of their bail period, the Police stated that on certain information the place was raided. The raiding party, it was alleged, found a bottle of whisky and several glasses on a table round which three men were seated. The M.L.A. was found reclining on a pillow and the police further alleged that underneath the pillow was found another bottle of the same stuff. A third bottle, it was stated, was seized from a trunk belonging to one of the girls. Several more bottles were seized from the kitchen.

The bail period was granted.

Radio Fulfilling Its Purpose

Z. A. B. writes:—

The sketch dealing with the domestic quarrels between a husband and a wife written by Shaukat Thanwi and relayed from the Lucknow Broadcasting Station on the 13th of this month was really a pleasure to hear. It is hoped that such talks will be continued.

Similarly the sketch portraying the scene of a marriage as it was celebrated fifty years ago, was enacted with a preciseness which deserves to be publicly appreciated. The writer is Mr. Muhammad Yusuf Bokhari, the author of "Moti" and a scion of one of the oldest families of Delhi, if not the oldest. The scene was very well-written and it is hoped that the talents of this young man will be duly recognised by the All-India Radio, Delhi. The scene was enacted with all its paraphernalia from the Delhi Station on the 16th instant. The cries of the Delhi "Shohdas" were worth hearing.

It is on such occasions that it can be said with definiteness that the radio is fulfilling its purpose.

LEAD IN CURRY POWDER

Activities Of Marketing Staffs

The presence of lead in curry powders, analysis of well water in tobacco growing villages, further railway concessions on graded produce and expansion of grading were among the subjects which occupied the Central and Provincial marketing staffs, in August 1939.

The Agricultural Marketing Adviser to the Government of India has been negotiating for some time for cheaper freight rates on the railways for goods which have been graded and packed in improved styles. Concessions have been secured from many railways already, and during August, the Nizam State Railway agreed to charge one-third parcel rate on oranges instead of one-half, for small consignments from October 6, 1939. For wagon load parcels, the rate has been reduced from nine annas to six annas per mile.

Bidi making has become one of the staple industries in India, particularly beneficial to small firms. To develop this industry in Orissa, services of an expert bidi maker from Madras or Nagpur are being arranged by the marketing staff, and district and forest authorities have been requested to grant permission for the collection of bidi wrapper leaves at concessional rates of royalty.

To improve the conditions of wool marketing, the Agricultural Marketing Adviser to the Government of India along with the Punjab Marketing Staff studied the shearing, grading and marking of wool at the largest wool market in India, in Fazilka (Punjab). A meeting of the local wool merchants' associations was held, where questions regarding grading of wool and grievances against the Liverpool Wool Brokers' Association were discussed. Provincial reports on sheep and goats were studied and tables prepared. The Central Marketing Staff held an informal meeting with the skin exporters at Delhi.

The Central Marketing Staff was also engaged in drawing up grade specifications for Bihar seed potatoes and Kumaon apples, and in preparation of a fruit Calendar and the synopsis on the marketing of cardamoms. Sources and seasons for citrus fruits, grading of mangoes in Bombay and study of apples from Ramgarh received attention.

"GREAT MEN OF INDIA"

Mr. J. R. Screwvala writes that in "Great men of India" published by the "Times of India" and the "Statesman" among the statesmen and politicians of India, one can find the names of leaders like Pandit M. M. Malaviya, Mr. B. G. Tilak, Sir Surendranath Banerjee, Mr. C. R. Das, the Right Hon. V. Srinivasa Sastri, Sir Phirozeshah M. Mehta Mahatma Gandhi, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Pandit Motilal Nehru, Sir Fazl-I-Husain, Mr. M. A. Jinnah, the Rt. Hon. Sir Akbar Hydari, P. C. Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru, H. H. the Aga Khan.

Search in vain amongst the whole list and there is no place even though insignificant in any nook or corner of this dazzling volume for the Late Dadabhoy Nowroji. Not even half an inch of space has been allotted to the sacred memory of this great soul, which signifies according to the notion of the compiler that perhaps he was a nonentity a man of no importance at all whatsoever, a figure unworthy to occupy any space for a mere mention of his name, let alone his photograph in this volume.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 18.

The news of the sinking of the "Simon Bolivar" which spread rapidly among Saturday night crowds in cafes and restaurants caused consternation here. Many anxious people are trying desperately to obtain news of friends and relatives.—Reuter.

GERMANY WORKS HAVOC IN SEA

(Continued from page 1.)

var" is described as a "callous breach of all maritime conventions" by the "Daily Telegraph", which says that the experience proclaims that Germany at war knows only one law—that which serves her own ends.

If she cannot prevail by fair means, she will resort to foul, sometimes unashamedly and at other times under screen of attempts to lay her own guilt at others' doors.

The sinking of the "Simon Bolivar" is perhaps a foretaste of the terrible things with which Herr Hitler has been threatening the world that is not prepared meekly to accept his will as the supreme law.

The "Daily Mail" says: "The name of the "Simon Bolivar" is added to the long scroll of German maritime infamy."

The "Daily Herald" declares: "Yet another glaring crime against humanity and international law must be placed on Hitler's account."

It is now estimated that the number of men missing in the "Simon Bolivar" sinking is about one hundred.—Reuter.

Bad Weather Hampers Operations

PARIS, Nov. 20.

Bad weather continues to hamper operations on the Western Front.

As a result of continuous rain in the past twenty-four hours the Rhine has again risen and small streams have overflowed their banks, causing widespread flooding.

There have been no important movements of German troops which remain massed on the frontiers of Holland, Belgium and Luxembourg. The night was quiet, not even a local incident being recorded.—Reuter.

REGISTRATION OF RATION CARDS IN BRITAIN

LONDON, Nov. 20.

Registration of ration cards with shopkeepers for the supply of bacon, butter and sugar is proceeding busily this week. The Minister of Food will announce the date when the rationing scheme will start soon after November 23, when general registration is scheduled to terminate.

The authorities will then be able to gauge the required supplies for different areas. There is no intention to ration meat and margarine yet. The amount of weekly ration is not yet announced.

The Ministry has made substantial contracts for meat from South America and the Empire as also for the importation of bacon and cheese.—Reuter.

MYSTERIOUS CRUISER AND SUBMARINE IN JAPANESE WATERS

YOKOHAMA, Nov. 20.

Captains of a freighter "Yeizan Maru" and Dutch Liner "Ijisalak" yesterday sighted a mysterious white cruiser off the Peninsula of Iju in the Pacific Ocean.

Liner "Kunishma Maru" reports that a large green submarine of unknown nationality was sighted in the channel between the provinces of Kii and Suikoku.—Reuter.

"DEATH BATTALION" TO DEAL WITH JEWS

LONDON, Nov. 20.

Two announcements have been made in Berlin.

One is, that Jews ought to be isolated from the rest of the population in the occupied part of Poland.

The Jewish district is to be barricaded and put under strict control.

The other announcement is that the 'Death Battalion' of the Nazi "Black Guards," who are a special unit of the Gestapo used for Jew baiting and suppressing anti-Nazi activities, have arrived at Carcow to start their duties.—Reuter.

NEGLECT OF RESEARCH

Effect On German Army

(From Our Own Correspondent)

LONDON, October 23.

Sir Thomas Holland, Principal and Vice-Chancellor of Edinburgh University, presiding at the graduation ceremony on October 21, predicted a degeneration in German military efficiency as a result of the neglect of scientific research, which, he said, had been evident in that country during the past six years.

Sir Thomas Holland, who is a former president of the Institution of Mining and Metallurgy, said: "During the past six years German universities turned out a gradually diminishing stream of products. Six or several years ago no scientific man in the world would have dared to pass over the publications of the research institutes of Germany. Not only were they great in volume but their quality was of the kind that led the world. To-day those volumes of output from research laboratories have diminished to a small fragment of their former size of the quality of the residue is negligible."

One can predict quite clearly from that fact alone that the neglect of fundamental truth for its own sake must be followed by degeneration in technical efficiency. What is less important possibly, but immediately important to every body in Europe is that it certainly will be followed by degeneration from the military point of view.

Referring to a suggestion that Germany might soon save the situation herself, Sir Thomas Holland said it was a very easy thing to destroy a great structure, but it took many years to build another like it. Only the very youngest in that room would live to see the time when German universities would be restored to their old position in the intellectual world.

EUROPEAN WAR WILL ENABLE CHINA TO FIGHT JAPAN WITH GREATER VIGOUR

Present Military Strength Of China Is More Than Double

LONDON, (By Air Mail).

"European war should make us fight Japan with greater vigour since we are confident of our ultimate victory and of China's rightful place in reshaping the new world order," declared Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek, addressing the fourth session of the People's National Council, recently.

"I am now in a position to state before this assembly that our present military strength as compared with the outbreak of our war of resistance over two years ago is more than doubled."

The Generalissimo had stressed the importance of strengthening the rear by developing tremendous economic resources, and on the military situation said that during the past six months the Japanese troops not only made no advance, but on many fronts were compelled to retreat.

"The Sino-Japanese problem is a world problem. The underlying cause of the present war in Europe is traceable to the Japanese invasion of China which upset international peace and order.

"In resisting Japan, China is not only preserving her own national independence, but also helping to maintain international justice. As the Chinese people constitute one-fourth of the world population, we realise our heavy responsibility in the noble task of promoting the permanent world peace. World peace is far distant so long as our conflict with Japan is not terminated.

CHINA'S POLICY.

Since the outbreak of the Mukden incident eight years ago, he said, China had been consistently pursuing a national policy consisting first of resistance against Japanese aggression, second of maintenance of international treaties in co-operation with peace-loving nations to preserve existing world order, third of non-participation with the Anti-Comintern Pact, fourth, of a consistent foreign policy aiming at the preservation of China's independence and equality among nations and at the consummation of Sun Yat-Sen's three principles of nationalism, democracy and livelihood and at the attainment of permanent world peace.

"Following the catastrophe in Europe Japan proclaimed a policy of non-intervention. She does not want interference from Europe and America in the Sino-Japanese conflict, as she is attempting to establish so-called 'A new order in East Asia,' which places her in a predominant position in Asia to the exclusion of other Powers.

JAPAN EXHAUSTED.

"Japan has already exhausted her man-power, so from the military standpoint is already defeated. In future the aggressor will resort to political and economic means of attack. In words of Japanese to foster the growth of new political power in China,' and to co-operate with traitors in the formation of so-called 'renovated China.'

"Any organisation created under Japanese dictatorship, irrespective of whatever name, will be used to cloak only what the enemy refers to as 'Liaison Section of the Japanese Revival of Asia Bureau.' China holds anyone participating in such organisations as slaves of Japan."

PLIGHT OF GERMAN WOMEN

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, Oct. 29.

"Germany's women are the foundation of her greatness," so declared Herr Hess, Hitler's deputy, recently.

But they are not living up to expectation, if we are to believe the "Ruhr-Arbeter," a leading workers' weekly. "Is the German housewife nervous?" it asks.

"Yes," it answers its own question, "and there are circumstances which contribute to the nervous collapse of many a good housewife and mother." Worry about conscripted relatives and long hours of queueing for food are given by the paper as causes of this "prevailing state of nerves."

"But it is no use becoming pessimistic about things," it concludes. "Such pessimism is damaging to the national cause, because the soldier in the front line is disheartened by this defeatist mood at home. The fact is that many a German woman has been hit by the war almost as hard as her soldier-husband. She, too, has been conscripted—forced to leave her home and work.

In addition to losing her husband she has had to abandon her children, who "are being cared for in State-organised kindergartens."

But references in the Nazi Press make it plain that all is not well with these kindergartens. Lack of nurses, it appears, is having effects on the toddlers and babies. So the German women's daily ordeal goes on.

They cannot hope to obtain their meagre rations of food without queueing. But queueing is strictly forbidden, and they risk arrest and punishment if they are caught waiting in front of shops.

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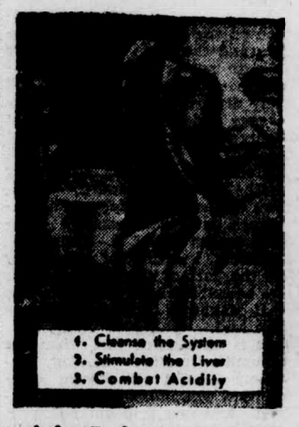

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MAHATMA TO BE MADE CONGRESS DICTATOR

Working Committee To Come To Grips With Crisis Issue To-day:

GANDHIJI TO GIVE NEW LEAD

(From Our Correspondent.)
ALLAHABAD, November 20.

THE WORKING COMMITTEE DISCUSSIONS HERE REVEALED A REMARKABLE UNITY OF COMMAND AT THIS CRITICAL JUNCTURE.

TALKS WITH SOME MEMBERS SHOW THE WHOLE COMMITTEE IS STANDING LIKE ONE MAN BEHIND GANDHIJI'S LEADERSHIP.

In consonance with the wishes of Gandhiji the next step of the Working Committee is likely to be towards communal unity and strengthening of Congress organisation by purging it of its weakness.

Call To Country

A call to the country for preparing for the probable forthcoming struggle on non-violent lines may also be made, but no threats to British Government will be held out.

IT SEEMS, GANDHIJI IS DETERMINED TO RAISE THE STRUGGLE TO A HIGH MORAL LEVEL AND KEEP IT FREE FROM ALL UNDESIRABLE FEATURES WHICH HAVE BEEN THE SOURCE OF WEAKNESS IN THE PAST.

FURTHER, HE WANTS TO GIVE THE LONGEST ROPE TO BRITISH GOVERNMENT TO COME TO AN HONOURABLE SETTLEMENT.

THE COMMITTEE IS LIKELY TO PASS A WELL REASONED RESOLUTION DEALING WITH THE VICEROY-GANDHI-JINNAH NEGOTIATIONS KEEPING THE DOOR STILL OPEN.

Working Committee May Appoint Him "Sole Dictator"

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 20.

The Congress Working Committee had a three hours sitting this morning during which it is understood routine matters were discussed.

Bengal Congress election disputes engaged the attention of the Committee practically the whole of this morning's session. Gandhiji did not attend this morning's meeting as he was observing his weekly silence.

The Working Committee reassembles at 2 p.m. when it will continue its discussion on routine office matters.

Resumption of further discussion on the present political situation and the crisis will take place only to-morrow when it is expected that Mahatma Gandhi will fully disclose his mind to his colleagues and explain to them what he meant when he said in the last issue of the "Harijan" that civil disobedience need not necessarily be the next step forward. Members of the Committee are all intrigued as to what exactly Gandhiji means by it. There is, therefore, a feeling of expectancy on the part of the leaders who are assembled here who anticipate that Mahatma Gandhi will give a new lead.

It is anticipated that when the Committee meets to-morrow, Mahatma Gandhi will present a resolution containing his new technique and new lead but no one is certain about this. Meanwhile there is talk in Congress circles that in view of the serious situation the Congress Working Committee may appoint Gandhiji as "the sole dictator and plenipotentiary of the Congress" as was done in 1931 just before the second Round Table Conference.—A.P.

"Only Administrative Matters"

(From Our Correspondent.)
ALLAHABAD, November 20.

Just before the Working Committee's afternoon session, commenced, Dr. Pattabhi interviewed by your correspondent said, the Committee had not any formal resolution before it for consideration just yet.

Concerning the political situation the Committee was engaged to-day in considering "administrative matters".

Political situation was in the background.

NOT ANXIOUS FOR WAR

Frontier Gandhi's Declaration

PESHAWAR (By Mail).

"Just at the moment we are not anxious to wage war against the British Government but if a fight is forced on us by them we would not shirk it", declared Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan, addressing a gathering of about 15,000 Pathans in the town of Charsadda near his village home Utmanzai.

Continuing he said: "Ours is a spiritual fight and hence there should be no room in it for violence which leaves a trial of hatred and bitterness. The Khudai Khidmatgars have pledged to God for the service of His creatures and our country and hence their responsibility is the greatest in the fight in which the weapons of love, non-violence and truth are alone made use of."

Exhorting the Khudai Khidmatgars to rid the movement of its weakness he said that he was always ready to fight as a soldier. He did not want a big army but what he wanted was a small band of fighters possessing the requisite determination, courage and character. Only two good Khudai Khidmatgars from every village would suffice.

An address of welcome was presented to Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan giving assurance of full support and loyalty to their leader in the coming fight.—United Press.

FOR A. I. NATIONALIST MUSLIM CONFERENCE

NEW DELHI, Nov. 20.

Brisk preparations are being made in connection with the holding of an All-India Nationalist Muslim Conference in Delhi in the first week of December.

Maulana Nuruddin Behari, convener of the conference, is in correspondence with several prominent provincial Muslim nationalist leaders to send in their suggestions in connection with the conference and recommend the name of the president.—United Press.

POLITICAL UNREST IN STATES

(From Our Correspondent.)
BHOPAL, Nov. 15.

The public workers of Bhopal met Dr. Sitaramayya and addressed their grievances to him as regards the arrest of five workers including Sjt. Chaturnarayan Malaviya, the President of the Bhopal State People's Conference under the Defence of India Act. They are afraid that their civil liberties are suppressed with the promulgation of Sec. 144. Dr. Sitaramayya will meet them again to consider the future programme.

SATYAGRAHA IN HYDERABAD THREATENED

Ban On Procession May Be Defied

(From Our Correspondent.)
HYDERABAD, (Dn.),

Political tension prevails here on account of the prohibition by the Commissioner of the City Police of a procession proposed to be taken out through the main roads of Hyderabad in celebration of the anniversary of Mr. Waman Naik a local public worker.

It is generally believed that Satyagraha will be resorted to by the organisers who are said to be in communication with the High Command of the Hindu Mahasabha.

SUPPRESSION OF PRESS IN PUNJAB

Fate Of Adjournment Motion In Assembly

LAHORE, Nov. 20.

By 50 to 19 votes the Punjab Assembly rejected the adjournment motion of Lala Deshbandhu Gupta (Congress) which thought to censure the Government for "abusing the Press Emergency Powers Act 1931 in demanding securities from a large number of newspapers and presses."—A.P.

Ex-Kakori Prisoner Arrested

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 19.

Mr. Manmathanath Gupta, ex-Kakori prisoner and member of the Forward Bloc was arrested to-night by the Allahabad Police under Section 124, on a charge of sedition.—United Press.

GRAVE TURN IN SUKKUR RIOTS

(Continued from Page 1.)

main calm and quiet and end this unfortunate state of affairs. Sir Abdullah Haroon felt that the needlessly hostile attitude, which took an aggressive form at the Hindu Conference last week in a matter purely between Muslims and the Sind Government, was most provocative and terminated all negotiations for a peaceful settlement.

As late as last Saturday he and Khan Bahadur Khuro approached the Premier with the suggestion that the three should proceed to Sukkur to explore the possibility of a peaceful settlement, but the Premier turned down the suggestion as unfeasible.

Sir A. Haroon was particularly sorry for the fate of thousands of innocent people of both communities living in villages, whose economic interests were interlinked and who, unconcerned in such controversial politics, had been living on terms of amity, if this unnecessary trouble should spread to the interior.—A. P.

Sukkur Riot Situation Worsens

SUKKUR, November 20.

Shortly after 10 this morning the riot situation again worsened.

Cases of stray assaults and arson are reported from the Miani market and Gharibabad quarters. Two Hindus were killed to-day and one was seriously wounded.

The house of Mr. Bhojraj Ajwani, Secretary of the Hindu Sabha, is in flames. The inmates were, however, rescued. Similarly incendiarism is reported from several other places. Casualty figures are mounting up. A Hindu deputation waited on the Collector this morning and urged for stringent measures and more police and military guards.

It is reported that the arrested members of the Manzilgah Restoration Committee have been removed to Hyderabad.—United Press.

Police Open Fire On Mob

KARACHI, Nov. 20.

According to the latest report from Sukkur the police were compelled to open fire on a riotous mob in Girdhariabad quarter when the mob, getting out of control, looted shops in the area and killed a Hindu teacher and his old father. The casualties of the firing are not yet ascertained.

The message adds that the trouble has spread to various quarters and sporadic assaults continue, causing uneasiness to the authorities.

At Nowbind, another Hindu quarter, an oilseed godown was set fire to by rioters. In the old city, a party of doctors, while going in a car, were attacked by a mob and firearms were used by both parties.

The arrest of another Muslim leader was effectted to-day. Khan Bahadur Khuhro M.L.A., a prominent Muslim League member, left Karachi for Upper Sind last night.—A.P.

C. K. Naidu (Capt.)

S. H. M. Colah (Capt.)

Rival Teams

HINDUS	PARSIS
MAJOR C. K. NAIDU (Capt.)	S. H. M. COLAH (Capt.)
L. AMARNATH	M. F. ENGINEER
L. AMAR SINGH	SAFI DARASHAW
V. M. MERCHANT	M. J. MOBED
VINOO MANKAD	K. K. TARAPORE
K. V. BHANDARKAR	J. B. KHOT
C. S. NAIDU	P. E. PALIA
U. M. MERCHANT	E. R. AIBARA
S. BANERJI	J. M. BHAYA
L. P. JAI	F. K. NARIMAN
K. M. RANGNEKAR	N. F. CANTEENWALA
Reserves	Reserve
M. M. JAGDALE	D. R. HAVEVALA
R. J. GHARAT	M. MISTRY
H. ADHIKARI	M. P. KATELI

THE PENTANGULAR

Hindus v. Parsis

(BY J. C. MAITRA).

The old rivals, the Hindus and the Parsis, who have really made the Bombay's Cricket festival the most popular and famous in India, are going to meet again. But the meeting is not likely to evoke as much interest and enthusiasm as it used to do in the past. The reason is not far to seek. While the Hindus have gone on improving, the Parsis have fallen away. It is not that the latter have not received sufficient encouragement at the hands of their leaders. As a matter of fact, their colts have been given greater support than those of the Hindus or Muslims. Still they have not been able to keep pace with their sister communities. Evidently they are just passing through a lean period just now.

HINDUS' NEW WICKET-KEEPER

After the grand show the Hindus put up against the Europeans, it would seem that they would inflict a similar defeat on the Parsis. They have further strengthened their side by including K. Bhandarkar of Indore in place of Hindlekar. The All-India wicket-keeper has not been in his best of late owing to sickness. The Hindu Selectors have thought it wiser to try the Indore Wicket-keeper—batsman in the match which is safe in their hands. Bhandarkar shaped very well in both the departments during the trial matches and there is no reason why he should not acquit himself as creditably in the Pentangular.

WISER POLICY.

I understand that there was a suggestion to drop Jai and take in Jagdale, another Central India player. But the fact that the Bombay batsman had shown an appreciable improvement in his fielding in the last match, went in his favour. I should have, however, liked Jai to stand down in favour of the younger man. It would have given him sufficient rest to come out in his best colours in the final match. At the same time it would have given greater encouragement to Jagdale and prepared him for future service. However, the Hindu team remains as strong as ever and with renewed confidence born of their first victory.

PARSIS' DETERMINATION.

The Parsis are full of confidence too. Of course they do not hope—with the strength they now possess—to beat their redoubtable opponents. But they are determined to fight it and to the last ditch. They have collected together a side which they consider stronger than they had before, that is, since the Pentangular began. If they all do their bit according to capacity, the Hindus will not have quite a plain sailing. The Parsis are well-known for their grit and courage. Should they bring them into play in sufficient measures in this match they would give Major Nayudu and his men a good run for their money. That will make the match more interesting than their predecessors. I need hardly add that the Hindus are confident of an easy success on their form all round.

LORRY IN FLAMES

Machine Explodes Due To Petrol Overflow

BOMBAY, Monday.

A Motor lorry suddenly caught fire at the junction of Princess Street and Kalbadevi Road at 7-15 p.m. and four fire engines had to come to its rescue. The driver of the lorry, one Abdul Gani Jaladin, was injured and was removed to the G. T. Hospital for treatment. The fire was said to have been due to the overflowing of petrol from the tank as a result of which the machine caught fire and exploded. The driver had a narrow escape with only injuries on his body.

Bombay Weights And Measures Act

The Public Relations Officer, Bombay writes:

Complaints are made from time to time by the trading public that the cost of adjustment and repair of weighing and measuring instruments, etc., at the time of their reverification is excessive and that some of the registered repairers under the Act enjoy a virtual monopoly of repair work in their territory. Such complaints indicate that there is much misunderstanding prevailing in this matter. The following information is, therefore, published, which, it is hoped, will remove all causes for misunderstanding in this regard:

Instruments, etc., which comply with the requirements of the Act without adjustment or repair are verified and stamped on presentation to the Inspectors of Weights and Measures on payment of the prescribed fees only.

For any minor adjustment or repair effected by the Inspectors themselves at the time of reverification, only nominal charges are made.

Should the instruments, etc., require, in the opinion of the Inspector, major adjustment or repair, they will advise free of charge of the extent and nature of repair considered necessary by them.

Traders are at full liberty to entrust the work of adjustment or repair to any of the registered repairers a list of whom is available in the office of the Inspector.

The provision in the Rules under the Act for the registration of repairers competent and qualified to effect repairs to balances scales, etc., is intended solely to safeguard the interests of the trading public.

NAWAB OF PATAUDI

Likely To Play For Muslims

BOMBAY, Nov. 20.

The Associated Press understands that the Nawab of Pataudi is likely to play for the Muslims in the final of the Pentangular Cricket Tournament.—A. P.

The Half-Column

By "Dim"

The Rest are now at rest.

Journalists have now a paper of their own. It is the result of the enthusiasm of one man—P. Ganesh Rao, who feels the need of a paper for journalists—a paper devoted to the advancement of the art of writing, the technique of printing, publishing and advertising. At present it is in a very crude unpolished from, but so is every modest effort, which is destined to bear fruit.

I understand that an effort is being made to fix a match between the Property Tax Payers and the ex-Government. The latter will be captained by Mr. Kher and Sir Byramjee Jeejeebhoy will no doubt captain the P.T.P. side. The proceeds of the match will go to form a home for oppressed landowners and millionaires. Please lend it your support. It is a good cause.

It is suggested that the "Rest" should henceforth call themselves the "Heres, Theres and Everywheres".

A rumour in the carpet market says that yards and yards of red carpet have been bought for a high official to tread on at a forthcoming social function.

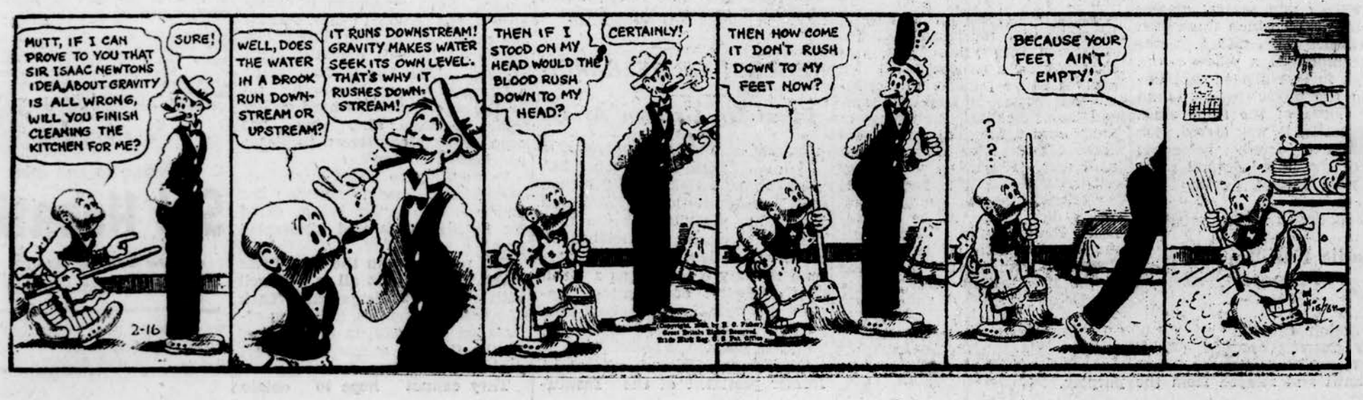
One of the great memorials of India, which will be one of the landmarks of our country is the Kamala Nehru Memorial Hospital, the corner-stone of which was laid by the Mahatma. There is an appeal for funds to carry out the scheme. When one bears in mind the great lady to whose memory this hospital is dedicated and the sacrifices both she and Pandit Jawaharlal have made for the cause of our country, there is no doubt in my mind that India will respond generously, spontaneously and gratefully.

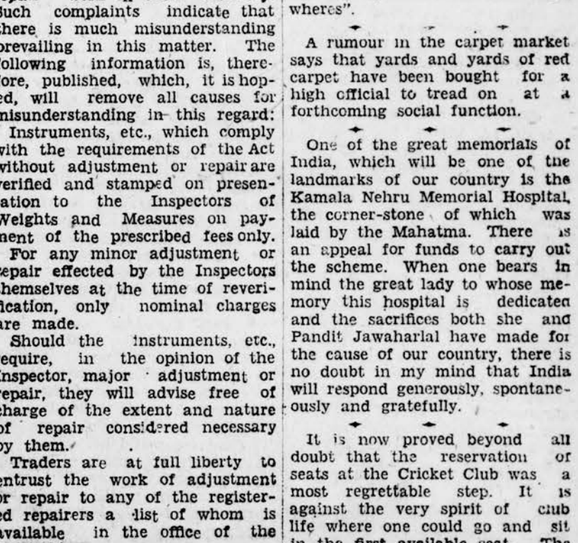
It is now proved beyond all doubt that the reservation of seats at the Cricket Club was a most regrettable step. It is against the very spirit of club life where one could go and sit in the first available seat. The C.C.I. would do well to abandon this idea next year.

I am bound to give expression to the unanimous public opinion that Mr. Talyarkhan has done very good work over the radio. It makes it possible for a greater public to follow the cricket and his commentary is sufficiently comprehensive to give a visual picture of the game. Mr. Bokhari should now consider the idea of starting commentaries on big racing events. They would be very popular.

I understand that the Nawab of Pataudi is being approached with a view to get him to play for the Muslims in the Final Match.

MUTT AND JEFF—And, Being No Cinderella, Jeff Goes Back to Cleaning Up t he Kitchen **By BUD FISHER**


MUTT, IF I CAN PROVE TO YOU THAT SIR ISAAC NEWTONS IDEA ABOUT GRAVITY IS ALL WRONG, WILL YOU FINISH CLEANING THE KITCHEN FOR ME?
SURE!
WELL, DOES THE WATER IN A BROOK RUN DOWNSTREAM OR UPSTREAM?
IT RUNS DOWNSTREAM! GRAVITY MAKES WATER SEEK ITS OWN LEVEL. THAT'S WHY IT RUSHES DOWNSTREAM!
THEN IF I STOOD ON MY HEAD WOULD THE BLOOD RUSH DOWN TO MY HEAD?
CERTAINLY!
THEN HOW COME IT DON'T RUSH DOWN TO MY FEET NOW?
BECAUSE YOUR FEET AIN'T EMPTY!
2-16



INDUSTRIAL SURVEY OF PUNJAB

K. T. Shah To Draw Up Scheme

LAHORE, Nov. 20.

In response to public demand for industrial development in the Punjab and the need for economic planning the Punjab Government instituted last year an intensive industrial survey of the province and industries as a preliminary step to take stock of the present position of industries in the province, raw materials available and other productive resources.

It is now proposed to supplement this survey by drawing up a complete industrial planning scheme to provide the necessary guidance to the industrialists and primary producers in the future direction of the industrial and commercial development of the province.

Prof. K. T. Shah, Hon. Secretary of the National Planning Committee, has accepted the invitation of the Punjab Government to draw up an industrial planning scheme for the Punjab. He will be paid an honorarium of Rs. 5,000. Besides it has been proposed to contribute Rs. 2,500 towards the expenses of the National Planning Committee.

Accordingly a token demand was submitted before the Punjab Assembly to form supplementary demands.—United Press.

Donations For Red Cross Fund

DELHI, Nov. 20.

His Excellency the Viceroy has been pleased to open the fund to finance Red Cross work with an allotment of Rs. 1,00,000 from his "war purposes fund" to which ruling princes and others have already given spontaneously.

Following donations are announced:—

Personal donation from His Excellency the Viceroy Rs. 2,000, His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief Rs. 500, Sir Ernest Burdon Rs. 500, Major General Jolly Rs. 300, Sir Bertrand Glancy Rs. 500, Mr. A. C. Badenoch Rs. 300, Mr. S. P. Verma Rs. 200.—A. P.

"War Council" For Mahakoshal

(From Our Correspondent.)

JUBBULPORE, Nov. 20.

The Working Committee of the Mahakoshal Provincial Congress which met at Jubbulpore last night has, suspended the Mahakoshal Provincial Congress and its Working Committee for the time being and appointed "War Council" with Thakur Chedilal as Chairman and Amarsingh Saighal and Ambikacharan Shukla as members to conduct agitation if it were started by Mahatmaji.

LASHKAR, Nov. 15.

The Subject Committee meeting of the Gwalior State—Sarwajanik Sabha begain its work from the 15th instant. Sjt. Shivashanker Rawal occupied the Presidential seat. The Committee discussed the resolutions adopted by the Working Committee.

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GENERAL DEBILITY
CONSTIPATION
NERVOUSNESS
LOSS OF APPETITE, ETC.
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FAMINE IN SIND

Appeal For Funds

KARACHI, Nov. 19.

Famine is raging in acute form in the Thar Division of Sind, according to reports received here. About 2,75,000 heads of cattle have perished already and others are dying every day. There is acute shortage of fodder and foliage.

The scarcity conditions have been greatly intensified by the fact that the surrounding Indian States are also passing through dark days owing to failure of rains.

An appeal under the signature of Mr. R. K. Sidhwa, Mayor of Karachi, Dr. Choithram Gidwani, Mr. Jamshed Nussarvanjee, Mr. Hatim Alavi and others has been issued asking the well-to-do people to extent their helping hands to the famine-stricken people. In this connection the Congress and the Mayor have started two different funds.—United Press.

Bombay's Woman Hakim

Hakim Miss Rabia Hameed celebrated the inauguration of her dispensary by giving a Tea Party to the Hakims of Bombay at the Tibbia College on the 14th evening. All of the leading Hakims participated and paid glowing tributes to Miss Rabia's Technical proficiency, self-sacrifice and devotion to the scientific progress of the Unani system.

Shifa-ul-mulk Hakim Rashid Ahmedkhan dealt at length on sterling qualities of the young lady Hakim and her devotion to duty as the Tutor in charge of the female department of the Tibbia College as well as her scientific and professional progress of the fraternity and exhorted the Hakims to actively interest themselves in maintenance and management of Miss Rabia's Dispensary and appreciated Miss Rabia's knowledge of English language, allopathy and midwifery.

Hakim Mirza Hyder Beg also spoke of the young Lady Hakim's efficiency, sacrifice and devotion to the progress of Tibbia College

Dr. Mahomed Ibrahim Khatkhatay, also spoke.

Hakim Haji Fazale-Rahim, the President of the meeting, prayed for Miss Rabia's progress and prosperity and enjoined upon the Hakims of Bombay to see that Miss Rabia's Dispensary progresses properly and that she should be encouraged as much as possible.

Hakim Rabia has gained valuable knowledge and practice of Midwifery at the Wadia Maternity Home and of Allopathy elsewhere and is the Lady Hakim in charge of the female section of Bombay Tibbia College. The female patients will probably avail themselves of her dispensary to their benefit. Practising Hakims also avail of her in the diagnosis of their female patients, much to their and the patients advantage

PURSE OF 70,000 RUPEES

To Be Presented To The Father Of Bhil Sewa Mandal

DOHAD, Nov. 17.

The workers of the Bhil Sewa Mandal have decided to collect Rs. 2,000 towards the purse of Rs. 70,000 which is to be given to Shri Thakkar Bapa—the founder and the President of the Bhil Sewa Mandal on his 70th birth day.

Messrs. Sukhdevbhai Trivedi, D. J. Naik, Mr P. G. Vanikar and Mr. Ambalal Vyas are trying their utmost to collect a sum of Rs. 2,000 as a quota from the Bhil tract of Dohad and Jhalod.

It is understood that collection also is being made from the Bhils as suggested by Mahatma Gandhi in his appeal, and the workers of the Mandal hope to collect Rs. 400 from the Bhils alone. Mr. Laxmidas M. Shrikant, the Vice-President of the Mandal is busy with collection in the city of Bombay.

GOVERNOR'S CHILDREN LEAVE HILL-STATION

(From Our Correspondent.)

MAHABLESHWAR, Nov. 18.

Her Excellency Lady Lumley's children, accompanied by their nurse, left the Terraces to-day at 9-30 a.m by car for Ganeshkhind Poona. They stayed here for a month and over, and visited scenic spots and the suburban historical places.

The climate is salubrious, though cold spells are not uncommon. These seem to be the forerunners of the approach of the winter season.

Banking Legislation

NEW DELHI, Nov. 20.

The Central Government have not yet received the recommendations of the Reserve Bank about banking legislation although its Central Board has considered the matter twice.

There is little likelihood of banking legislation during the budget session of the Assembly.—United Press.

INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES

Justice Divatia On Court's Limitations

Consideration of the appeals filed by the Millowners' Association and the Textile Labour Association, Ahmedabad, against the Standing orders regarding the operatives of Textile Mills in Ahmedabad, framed by the Commissioner of Labour, was continued by the Industrial Court on Monday.

Standing Order 16 provides that "in the event of a fire, catastrophe, breakdown of machinery or stoppage of power supply, epidemic, civil commotion or other cause of a like nature or not, beyond the control of the Company," the mill may close down a department without notice or compensation to the workers.

The Labour Association wanted the deletion of words empowering mills to close down mills for causes whether of a like nature or not. Mr. Khandubhai Desai argued that this power should be given to the mills only in cases similar to those specifically mentioned.

The Millowners' Association on the other hand wanted the addition of an order giving similar powers to the company "in the event of shortage of orders or for any other trade reasons."

The Hon. Mr. Justice H. V. Divatia, presiding officer of the Court pointed out that the Court had only power to "confirm, modify or rescind" the orders of the Commissioner, but not to add to them.

Mr. C. K. Daphtary, Counsel for the Millowners' Association urged that modification included addition. Mr. Divatia on the other hand pointed out that rescinding was also one kind of modification and when the Legislature specifically included the word "rescind," it should be presumed to have excluded the power of addition.

Mr. Daphtary, arguing on merits stated that when there was a shortage of orders or of materials as at present, it would be to the benefit of workers that they should be "played off" rather than have their services terminated.

The court will resume its sittings on Tuesday.

ID PRAYERS ON BOARD SHIP

Kapurthala Princess Talks On Democracy, Justice & Fraternity

Academy of Islam celebrated the Id on "Conte Rosso" on Monday, November 13—Dr. Al Haj Abdulla, the Imam of the Berlin Mosque led the prayers. He gave a short sermon. Sweets were distributed by Atiya Begum at 10-30 a.m.

At 3 p.m. a meeting was held, the Princess Sita Karamjit Singh of Kapurthala made her debut as a speaker for the first time and spoke well on "Fraternity, Democracy and Justice" as symbols of Islam as solution of humanity.

Mr. Fyzee Rahamin and Atiya Begum gave illuminated addresses. The Turkish and Egyptian ladies of rank also participated.

3-Arts Fancy Dress Ball terminated the festive and memorable occasion. The prizes were distributed by the lovely and gifted Princess Sita. They were donated by the Kapurthalas and the Captain of the boat and the first prize went to Begum Siddiqui of Hyderabad and the 2nd to Miss Mody of Bombay.

BENGAL GOVT.'S NEW SCHOLARSHIP SCHEME

CALCUTTA, Nov. 19.

It is understood that the Government of Benga. have prepared a new scholarship scheme proposed to be brought into operation from this year. The scheme is understood to contain a number of drastic changes in the existing rules.

Through the generosity of the colleges it has been possible for the Government to incorporate as an essential feature the alloving of free tuition to all Government scholarship-holders. This makes it possible to award a much larger number of scholarships than hitherto.

It is also pointed out that in addition to the scholarships which will be awarded by the Director of Public Instruction and the Board of Secondary and Intermediate Education, Dacca, certain scholarships will be attached to particular colleges.

Heads of educational institutions have been requested by the Government to report any anamoly or features which they consider could with advantage be modified for future years.—United Press.

BHAGWANLAL INDRAJI CENTENARY

Celebration At Junagad

(From A Correspondent.)

JUNAGADH, Nov. 18.

The centenary of the late Dr. Bhagwanlal Indraji of Junagad, famous archaeologist of Gujarat and Kathiawar was celebrated this evening under the presidentship of Rao Bahadur Maniklal Lallubhai, Revenue Member of Junagad State Council at the Junagad College Hall. Kazi Ahmadmiyan Akhtar made a brief statement about the working of the subcommittee of the State Archaeological Society under whose auspices this function was arranged.

Several other speakers including Mr. Girijashanker Acharya, late Curator, Bombay Prince of Wales Museum, Prof. Shastri Mr. Prataprai Bhatt and Mr. Padmanabh Shastri spoke in fitting terms about the life and work of the late distinguished scholar

In conclusion, the president paid a glowing tribute to the famous archaeologist of saurastra which he observed was a land of antiquity, ancient culture and civilization. The meeting terminated with a vote of thanks to the chair by Principal Zuhuruddin Ahmed.

MUSLIMS SCORE INNINGS VICTORY

(Continued from page 10.)

catch in the slips, Saeed falling down in the process but holding the ball up. (118—7—8). L. D'Souza joined Hazare and soon after 120 was on board after the innings had lasted 179 minutes. But after only 2 runs more had been added Nissar spreadeagled D'Souza's stumps with a well-pitched one. (122—8—1).

De Mello, the "Rest" skipper joined Hazare, but after Hazare had magnificently cut Saeed Ahmed (who had relieved Amir Elahi from the Pavilion end), the first ball of Nissar's very next over scattered De Mello's stumps, before he had broke his duck. (126—9—0).

Harris being unable to bat due to shoulder injury, the "Rest" second innings concluded with 126 leaving the Muslims victors by an innings and 11 runs. Hazare who had played a lone hand remained unbeaten with, and flawless 57, which included 5 fours. The Muslims have thus entered the final, where they will meet the winners of the Parsis v. Hindus encounter, which begins to-morrow—for the third year in succession.

MUSLIMS
First Innings.

S. M. Kadri, l.b.w. Harris	22
Mushtaque Ali, b Harris	61
K. C. Ibrahim, l.b.w. Alexander	6
Wazir Ali, b Harris	33
Nazir Ali, c Hazare, b L. D'Souza	34
Dilawar Hussein, b Alexander	38
Jehangir Khan, b Richards..	6
Saeed Ahmed, l.b.w. Alexander	0
Abbas Khan (not out)	21
Amir Elahi, l.b.w. Hazare ..	22
Mahomed Nissar, b Alexander	22
Extras	25
Total ...	290

FALL OF WICKETS

1 for 49, 2 for 61, 3 for 126, 4 for 143, 5 for 207, 6 for 214, 7 for 218, 8 for 218, 9 for 261.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W
G. Richards	22	1	89	1
A. S. De Mello	1	0	18	0
E. Alexander	21.5	6	45	4
J. Harris	21	8	30	3
V. S. Hazare	24	4	63	1
S. Manoharan	4	0	12	0
L. D'Souza	2	0	8	1

"REST"

FIRST INNINGS	155
(Second Innings	
M. Cohen (run out) ...	5
J. O. Gonsalves, c Abbas Khan, b Jehangir Khan .	0
S. Manoharan, b Jehangir Khan	0
A. C. Pereira, b Nissar	4
V. S. Hazare (not out)	57
G. Richards, c Wazir Ali, b Jehangir Khan	29
E. Shaw, b Nissar	4
E. Alexander, c Saeed Ahmed, b Nissar	8
L. D'Souza, b Nissar	1
A. C. De Mello, b Nissar	0
J. Harris absent hurt.	
Extras	8
Total	126

FALL OF WICKETS

1 for 5, 2 for 5, 3 for 5, 4 for 20, 5 for 76, 6 for 92, 7 for 118, 8 for 122, 9 for 126.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Mohamed Nissar	14.1	5	29	5
Jehangir Khan	13	1	29	3
Saeed Ahmed	11	6	10	0
Amir Elahi	14	1	34	0
Nazir Ali	4	0	6	0

INDUSTRIAL SURVEY OF FRONTIER

Govt.'s Invitation To Kumarappa

PESHAWAR, Nov. 18.

Dr. J. C. Kumarappa, Organiser and Secretary of the All-India Village Industries Association, has come here from Wardha on an official invitation from the Development Secretary to the Frontier Government, Mr. Tollinton, in connection with organising an industrial survey of the province with the help of local helpers. The scope of the survey will include both the development of the existing industries and introduction of new ones which may be indicated by the possibilities of exploiting the resources available in the province.

It will be recalled that the Congress Ministry when in office had budgeted a grant of Rs. 50,000 for the industrial development of the province. It is learnt that the present Government have decided to sanction further grants if the schemes, already undertaken or to be undertaken call for it.

Replying to a question as to what would happen to his work (survey) in case the Congress came into conflict with the Government, Mr. Kumarappa said that instructions for Mahatma Gandhi were that all constructive work should go on, irrespective of political circumstances, unless such work was made impossible. The permanent officials connected with the development of the province are evincing keen interest in the work before them.—United Press.

ENGINEERING SUPPLIES

Mr. Warren To Be Adviser To Govt.

NEW DELHI, Nov. 18.

It is understood that a conference was recently held between the representatives of the Indian Engineering Association and some non-Member firms who had sent their representatives and the officials of the Department of Supply. The representatives unanimously elected one of their members to serve as "Adviser of Engineering Supplies" to the Government of India and nominated Mr. P. J. S. Warren of Messrs. Jessop & Co. for this appointment. His duties are now stated to be under consideration.

The conference agreed on the general outline of agreement to secure the fixation of price for all future war contracts that might be given to the industry. The industry was given an indication of the probable future programme of manufacture that might be required from them. The representatives of the industry represented their difficulties for consideration by the Government.—United Press.

HAWKERS MAY NOT USE PETROL LAMPS

KARACHI, Nov. 18.

Hawkers in Karachi have been asked not to use petrol lights for the duration of the war. Hurricane or similar oil lamps shaded from above have been permitted.

In regard to street lighting, one light of not more than 25-watts will be permitted for every 20 feet of street frontage occupied by the building provided they are screened so as to be invisible above the horizontal.—United Press.

NOTHING WILL BE THE SAME AGAIN

(Continued from Page 6).

and Allied countries were to be found in scores of forgotten mud-brick villages of Iran and Arabia just before the outbreak of war. The tiny village of Hunije in the Lebanon hills' overlooking the blue Mediterranean waters was the centre of all the Fascist intrigues and espionage for all this area. Much of this filth has been cleaned up since the war's outbreak, as it should have been long before; but appeasement allowed the Nazis to strike too deep a root to be torn out easily now, and agents are still at work in a hundred guises from Damascus to Dixak,

Iraq and Iran are still only half-tapped for oil. In Egypt wide districts are being prospected, in the Persian Gulf Bahrein yields oil more valuable than all the pearls in her thousand years of island history. Oil, the "black gold", lies deep buried under much of the Near and Middle East and the fighting men are moving in consequence.

NEW DELHI, Nov. 17.—The "United Press" inquiries indicate that there is little prospect of early Indo-Ceylon trade talks as hinted in messages from Ceylon. Correspondence is still proceeding between the Governments of India and Ceylon regarding the repatriation of Indian labourers Unless a satisfactory settlement on this question is arrived at, trade talks would not start.

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Elasto tones up the system and cures depression."
"Rheumatoid arthritis gone: I have never felt better."
"Lumbago cured after 3 years of suffering."
"I had suffered for years from a weak heart, but Elasto cured me."
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Manufactured in England by THE NEW ERA TREATMENT CO., LTD
ELASTO CURES THROUGH THE BLOOD

AT TOP OF FLAT-RACING SEASON

LONDON, Nov. 18.

Lord Rosebery, owner of the classic winner Blue Peter, headed the winning owners for the 1939 flatracing season with a total of 38,464 sterling. Lord Derby is second with 22,275 and Lord Glanely third with 1,9187.

Jack Jarvis heads winning trainers with 56,219 sterling, Joe Lawson is second with 33,192 Boyd Rochfort third, with 27,145.

Gordon-Richards is the winning jockey for the thirteenth time in 14 years with 155 winners

Nevett is second with 71 and Ephraim Smith third, with 70.—Reuter

CALCUTTA, Nov. 17.

Mr. M. P. Gandhi has been co-opted as a member of the Cottage and Rural Industries Sub-Committee of the National Planning Committee.—United Press.

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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1939

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Bombay Pentangular

Nissar In Deadly Form

Muslims Enter Final For Third Time With Innings Victory Over "Rest"

HAZARE'S PLUCKY INNINGS

By Jamil Ansari

Muslims	(First Innings)	290
The "Rest"	(First Innings	153
The "Rest"	(Second Innings)	126

Deadly bowling by Nissar, their speed-merchant, enabled the Muslims to register an innings victory over the "Rest" in the semi-final round of the Bombay Pentangular Tournament, now being played at the Brabourne Stadium.

NISSAR'S DEADLY SPELL

Requiring 45 runs more to avoid an innings defeat the "Rest" made a disastrous resumption on Monday morning. Nissar scattering Shaw's stumps with the 4th. ball of the day. Hazare, who had all along been shaping confidently, was joined by Alexander and, when by means of some cautious and restrained batting, the two had carried the score to 115 and required only 19 runs more to make the Muslims bat again, the prospects of the Champions avoiding the same, seemed to be fading away. But Nissar, bowling with increasing accuracy rose to the occasion and sent back the next 3 batsmen for the addition of only 8 runs to the total and Harris being unable to bat due to his shoulder injury, the "Rest" innings terminated for 126, leaving the Muslims victorious by an innings and 11 runs. Nissar's figures for the morning were.

O.	M.	R.	W.
6.1	3	5	4

and his final analysis for the innings was

O.	M.	R.	W.
14.1	5	29	5

Hazare, the promising Central India bat, played a lone hand for the losers and courageously held the fortress for 166 minutes in the face of a varied and extremely accurate attack, ultimately remaining unbeaten with a flawless 57—a plucky effort which included 5 hits to the ropes.

The Muslims thus enter the Pentangular Final for the third year in succession, where they are to meet the winners of the Hindus, v. Parsis encounter, which begins to-day.

The Brabourne Stadium stands presented a deserted appearance—hardly 2,000 spectators being present this morning, the third and last day of the match, when the "Rest" continued their second venture against the Muslims in the semi-final round of the Bombay Pentangular Tournament.

E. Shaw (4) and V. S. Hazare (35) the overnight not-outs resumed at 10-51 a.m. to the bowling of Nissar, from the Churchgate end, and Saeed Ahmed from the Pavilion end. The start was sensational. Nissar opening the attack to E. Shaw scattered the Jubbulpore player's stumps with his fourth delivery, without any further addition to the overnight score. (92—6—4).

Mohamed Nissar

Hazare's Courageous Effort

Alexander joined Hazare who conceded a maiden to Saeed Ahmed from the other end. With the bowlers keeping an invulnerable length, scoring was painfully slow, the first 24 minutes yielding only seven runs. Alexander getting a streaky brace off the first delivery of Nissar's second over. Saeed Ahmed opened with three successive maidens and gave his first run when Hazare got a single off the third delivery of the next over.

At 99 Jehangir Khan relieved Nissar, from the Churchgate end, after the latter had bowled four overs including two maidens for six runs and one wicket. Cutting the second delivery of the Cambridge Blue for a brace, Hazare hoisted the first century after the innings had lasted 139 minutes. Three runs later, Saeed Ahmed after bowling 5 overs with 3 maidens, for 2 runs, without success was relieved by Nazir Ali who was tried for the first time in the innings. The batting had hitherto been tedious and dull. Hazare produced the first good scoring stroke of the day when he cut the fifth ball of Jehangir's third over neatly for 2.

Following up with a brace each off Jehangir and Nazir Hazare reached his individual 45, and immediately after 110 was signalled after 134 minutes' batting. Scoring three well-placed braces Hazare followed up with a grand square-cut off Jehangir to reach his 50, after he had manfully held the fort for 137 minutes.

At 116, Wazir Ali rung a double change, Nissar relieving Jehangir Khan from the Churchgate end, after the latter had bowled 5 overs for 10 runs without success, and Nazir Ali after conceding 6 runs in 4 overs, giving way to Amir Elahi, from the other end.

Nissar Plays Havoc

The change soon materialised when Alexander after conceding a maiden to Nissar edged the first ball of the Muslim speed-merchant's next over for Saeed Ahmed to bring off a magnificent

(Continued on page 9 Col. 4)

Stirring Appeal For Response To Call To Arms

SECUNDERABAD, (By Mail).

A stirring appeal to India to respond to the call to arms was made by Major-General V. H. Heath, Commander, Deccan District, when he addressed the 21st Rally of ex-servicemen here yesterday. About 2,300 ex-servicemen took part in the Rally.

He recalled in glowing terms India's contribution to the last war, a contribution which, he declared, they could not easily forget. He was sure that India would not play a lesser part in the present fight to crush Hitlerism. Moreover, India's interests were bound up with those of Great Britain and on Great Britain's triumph depended India's future. He concluded by announcing that they would start recruitment shortly for a Territorial Force and added that the re-employment of ex-servicemen was also being considered.—A.P.

V. S. Hazare

Wrestling Bouts At Burhanpur

BURHANPUR, Nov. 20.

Arrangements are afoot here on a grand scale to hold wrestling bouts on November 26.

The bouts will be attended, among others, by renowned wrestlers including Gama, Imam Bux and Hamida.—United Press.

Lance Corporal Drowned?

JUBBULPORE, Nov. 20.

(From Our Correspondent.)

While attempting to swim across the River Gour with full kit Lance Corporal Henders B. Company K. O. S. B. stationed at Jubbulpore was drowned in midstream about three miles from Ridge, Jubbulpore.

Despite vigorous attempts the body remains untraced.

Anti-Hitler Revolution In Germany In 1940 Spring?

LONDON, Nov. 20.

Germany will soon be ready for an anti-Hitler revolution, declared Otto Strasser, known as "Hitler's worst enemy" in an interview to the "Paris Soir."

Strasser said that he was given four hours to leave Switzerland after the Munich explosion because Germans were demanding his extradition describing him as an instigator of the crime.

Strasser, who was leader of the anti-Nazi Black Front since the Nazis murdered his brother declared that he thought at first his friends had organised the Munich attempt, but he now considered that it could only have been caused by the Gestapo.

Before there could be a revolution in Germany three conditions were necessary, namely Germans who still believe in Hitler must feel the horrors of war, the Reich must suffer a military check, and privation must become more biting.

"I consider these conditions will be fulfilled by the spring of 1940."

Prague Under S. S. Men

Equipped with hand machine-guns groups of S. S. men are guarding all strategic points in Prague, according to despatches from the Berlin correspondents of the "Telegraaf" and the "Handelsblad" of Amsterdam.

Others including motor detachments are patrolling the streets and guarding entrances to the Universities to prevent recrudescence of rioting.

How Trouble Started

A confidential police report quoted to-day in Amsterdam says that bodies of 30 S. S. men have been taken from the River Moldau since September.

What happened on November 15 is not clear. According to one account trouble started during the ceremony in memory of those who fell in the disturbances on October 28, which was the Czech Independence Day.

Another version says that students threw stones on a German car. A crowd collected whereupon the German police charged and arrested many students, raided colleges, and herded inmates away.

Benes At Polish Embassy

Dr. Benes and M. Sikorski had a long interview at the Polish Embassy in London. M. Sikorski afterwards said that there was a common decision to repair the damage done to their countries.

No Honours List

It is understood to have been decided that as a war measure there will be no New Year's Honours Lists on January 1.

"FINANCE RED CROSS WORK"

Joint War Committee's Appeal For Funds

NEW DELHI, Nov. 20.

An appeal has been made by the Joint War Committee of the Indian Red Cross Society and the St. John Ambulance Association under the auspices of His Excellency the Viceroy and with the patronage and support of the Governors of Provinces and Rulers of Indian States for funds to enable them to finance throughout the duration of the war Red Cross work for troops serving in India and sent overseas from India.

His Excellency the Viceroy has opened the fund with an allotment of Rs. 1,00,000 from his "War Purposes Fund" to which Ruling Princes and others have already given spontaneously. Besides these, the Viceroy has donated another Rs. 2,000 from his personal fund. His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief Rs. 500, Sir Earnest Burdon Rs. 500, Major-General Jolly Rs. 300, Sir Bertrand Glancy Rs. 500, Mr. A. C Badenoch Rs. 300 and Mr. S. P. Verma Rs. 200.

Subscriptions are to be sent to the Honorary Treasurer of the Indian Red Cross Society, Headquarters, New Delhi, or to the Honorary Treasurers of the Provincial and State Branches.—United Press.

KHER ANSWERS DEHLAVI

LEAGUE LEADER HAS MISSED HIS MARK

Truth About Urdu Text Books: Charges Exposed To Be Entirely Unsustainable

BOMBAY, Monday.

Interviewed by the "Bombay Chronicle" regarding the recent statement of Sir Ali Mohomed Khan Dehlavi alleging that Muslims in the province were subjected to grave injustices by the Congress Ministry, Mr. B. G. Kher, Ex-Premier said that the charges were entirely unsustainable and flimsy. He pointed out that Sir Ali Mohomed had "missed the mark" while alleging that the Congress Government "inflicted an injury on Muslim sentiments, education and culture" by the introduction in schools of text-books which formed a part of the Wardha Scheme.

"ABUSE AND PLATITUDES."

Mr. Kher said:—"I will naturally not reply to the first two paragraphs of the statement which are more or less in the nature of abuse and platitudes. The only specific charge which Sir Ali Mohomed Khan Dehlavi levels against the Bombay Government is the "introduction in Schools of Urdu text-books which are a part of the Wardha Scheme."

Now, Sir Ali Mohomed knows or ought to know that primary schools are conducted by local bodies which receive a grant from Government. Government do not introduce text-books but there are Committees composed of Officials and non-officials which are known as Text Book Committees and they examine all text books and sanction them for use in schools.

"The Urdu text books to which Sir Ali Mohomed Khan refers are obviously text books which are written by the Jamia Milia, a Muslim institution of Delhi known for its educational efficiency. Text books written by the Jamia Milia were, along with other books, sanctioned by the Urdu Text Book Committee for use in primary schools. This Committee has got among its members eminent and devout Muslims and only a very few School Committees have introduced these text books in the Urdu schools without any reference from Government.

"MISSING THE MARK."

That Sir Ali Mohomed Khan should hold Government responsible for this and describe this as an injury inflicted by Government on Muslim sentiments, education and culture is, to put it mildly, to miss the mark. It only shows that Sir Ali Mohomed is in great difficulties to find any substantial grievance against Government. Surely, text books introduced by local bodies in four or five schools is not such a grave sin as to justify Sir Ali Mohomed Khan's charge, if we consider the fact that Government has really not introduced them at all.

"As regards the Wardha Scheme, when the Bombay Government had not included any provision for training of Urdu teachers for basic education, Sir Ali Mohomed Khan and members of his party made a grievance of this and put questions in the Assembly. I fail to see how he can make any grievance of this now."

"WANTONLY AVOIDED."

Referring to the allegation made by Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi that Mr. Kher "wantonly avoided" answering questions tabled in relation to text books, the ex-Premier said "The charge is entirely unsustainable as the records can show. Before I resigned office—"deserted," as Sir Ali Mohomed is pleased to call it, I did all I could, to remove even this alleged, flimsy and imaginary grievance of the introduction of text books by a handful of local bodies.

"The 'herculean pillar' the 'monument of Congress mis-deeds of Sir Ali Mohomed Khan has now taken the shape of a needle which he will have to look for in the proverbial hay-stack. It has evaporated into thin air, into the land of dreams"

TWO DAYS' PROGRAMME.

Mr. Kher who returned to Bombay this morning after a two days' stay in Ahmedabad said that he had a reception more cordial and enthusiastic than the one which the city accorded to him when he visited it as the Premier. He addressed three public meetings, one of mill-workers, a second of women and the third of the citizens of Ahmedabad. A large number of Harijans were present when he addressed a meeting at the new Harijan quarters constructed by the Municipality.

The other items of a crowded programme attended by him included the opening of the Lalbhai Dalpatbhai Arts College premises, the opening of the new premises of the Orient Club, visits to the Maskati Bazar Cloth Merchants Association and the Physical Training College.

MUSIC BEFORE MOSQUES

Assam Govt. Withdraws Orders

SHILLONG, Nov. 19.

The following communique has been issued by the Government of Assam:—

On the 9th January 1939 the Government of Assam announced in a communique their policy regarding the vexed question of the playing of music before mosques. The orders then promulgated were made in the apprehension of breaches of the peace between the Hindu and the Muslim communities. It must be made clear that it was not and is not the intention of Government to interfere with the religious observances of any community in the matter of worship or with the right of any community to the use of the King's high way. The apprehension then entertained no longer exists in the Assam Valley and it has therefore been decided to withdraw those orders from that Valley.—United Press.

Edgar Wallace Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE — THE JUG OF DEATH

I DON'T LIKE GUYS WOT STARE AT ME, SEE? SO I'M PUTTIN' ON TH' GLOVES WIT' YOU/
ALL RIGHT/
HE'S TOUCHY, ISN'T HE? I LOOK AT HIM AND HE WANTS A FIGHT.
JIM WADE, YOU'RE CRAZY/ HE'LL RIP YOU APART/
MAYBE IT WILL BE WORTH IT, DON... THERE'S SOMETHING ABOUT HIM THAT SEEMS FAMILIAR. I'VE GOT A HUNCH THAT----
WHAT YOU WAITIN' FOR, PUNK? COME ON AN' TAKE YOUR LICKING/
COMING/
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